#### FINANCE.

Commonwealth Defence Departments were transferred to the Commonwealth Covernment, and in return the State received at least three-fourths of the net revenue in Victoria from Customs and Excise duties. From 1st January, 1911, to 1st July, 1927, the payments to the State by the Commonwealth Government were computed on the basis of a fixed payment of 25s. per head of the population. The amounts received under the foregoing arrangement up to 30th June, 1927, and the payments made during 1927–28 in accordance with the Financial Agreement (as indicated below), appear in the statement of State Revenue under the heading of "Commonwealth payments to State."

As a result of conferences of the Commonwealth and State Ministers held in Melbourne and Sydney in June and July, 1927, an agreement was reached whereby the last-mentioned payments ceased on 30th June, 1927. From the latter date, the following financial arrangements

have been provided for:

(a) The Commonwealth shall take over on 1st July, 1929, the whole of the public debts of the States existing on 30th June, 1927, and shall contribute £7,584,912 a year (Victoria's share, £2,127,159) for 58 years towards the interest charges thereon.

(b) The Commonwealth shall contribute 2s. 6d. per cent. per year and the States 5s. per cent. per year of the net public debt (£136,949,942), towards a sinking fund to extinguish this

liability in 58 years.

(c) The Commonwealth shall contribute 5s. per cent. per year and the States 5s. per cent. per year towards a sinking fund to extinguish within 53 years from the date of raising all future loans of the States raised after 1st July, 1927.

(d) The Commonwealth shall arrange all future borrowing on behalf of Commonwealth and States according to the decisions of the Loan Council, which shall be composed of representatives of Commonwealth and all State Governments.

(e) The Commonwealth, in full payment for transferred properties, shall take over State debts bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum, amounting to the agreed value of the transferred properties—£11,036,000 (Victoria's quota, £2,302,862).

At a referendum of Commonwealth electors taken on 17th November, 1928, the question of validating the above-mentioned agreement was agreed to, and the *Financial Agreement Validation Act* (No. 4 of 1929) was passed by the Commonwealth Parliament.

Under the Constitution Act the revenues of the State State are payable into Consolidated Revenue, but certain of these Finance. revenues have been hypothecated by various Acts of Parliament for specified purposes, and are payable into special accounts or funds kept at the State Treasury. Apart from these special funds (shown below), the financial transactions are concerned with one or other of three Funds, viz.:—(a) Consolidated Revenue Fund, (b) Trust Funds, and (c) Loan Funds. The Treasurer's Finance Statement of revenue and expenditure relates to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, but in the succeeding tables the public revenue of certain special funds or accounts is included. Payments from Consolidated Revenue are made either under the authority of an Annual Appropriation Act passed by the Legislature, or by a permanent appropriation under a Special Act. The special appropriations represent services such as interest on the public debt, sinking fund contributions, the salaries of the Governor, the Judges and some other officials, expenditure on State pensions, endowments to municipalities, etc. The expenditure under special appropriations during the year 1927-28 amounted to £8,541,815.

Below is given a concise statement of the chief special funds kept at the Treasury, with the exception of Redemption and Sinking

Funds as shown on page 119 et seq.:—

SPECIAL FUNDS (EXCLUDING SINKING FUNDS) KEPT AT THE TREASURY.

Fund. Act No.  The Assurance Fund 2740, sec. 239		Remarks.  Established for the purpose of assuring and indemnifying the Government in granting a clear title on land brought under the Transfer of Land Act. A contribution of ½d, in the £ is levied on all lands brought under the Act.				

Special Funds (excluding Sinking Funds) kept at the Treasury—continued.

Fund.	Act No.	Remarks.
The Discharged Soldiers' Set- tlement Fund	2916	Functions similarly to the Closer Settlements Fund except that it relates to settlement of discharged soldiers.
The Discharged Soldiers' Con- cessions Fund	2988	Established to meet concessions granted under the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Acts. The soldiers are allowed to occupy land for the first three years free of charge, and interest at the rate of 5 per cent, only is charged on the cost of the land and advances, the Government having raised loans for the purposes of the Acts at a higher rate. The cost of the con-
		cessions is made good to the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Fund by proceeds of loans raised by the Government, and these loans are redeemed by payments from the Concessions Fund. The State Government contributes annually the sum of £75,000 to the Fund, and the Commonwealth Government, for a period of five years in each instance, pays annually to the Fund an amount equal to $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on loan moneys made available by it to the State for Discharged Soldiers Settlement.
The Country Roads Board Fund	2635	Established for the maintenance of main roads. This account is credited with all moneys paid to the Treasurer by any municipality in respect of permanent works and the maintenance of main roads amounts received by the Board under the provisions
		of the Country Roads Act; annual Government subsidy of £10,000; all fees and fines, less the cost of collection, paid under the <i>Motor Car Act</i> 1915; fees, less the cost of collection, received by the Crown in respect of unused roads and water frontages under part 39 of the <i>Local Government Act</i> 1915, and all moneys which, as provided by Sections 481 and 485 of the said Act, are to be paid into the said Fund; and fees paid on the registration of renewal of registration of traction engines. The money to the credit of the Fund is applied as follows:—
		(a) 6 per cent, per annum on the amount due by the municipalities in respect of permanent works is applied in payment of interest or half the amount borrowed under the pro- visions of the Country Roads Act at the rate of 4½ per cent, per annum, the balance being paid into a Sinking Fund until half the amount borrowed is paid off,  (b) The balance, after the payment of the said of per cent, is applied in payment of the cost of maintenance of main roads, and in pay ment of any liabilities incurred by the Board under the provisions of the Act,

Special Funds (excluding Sinking Funds) kept at the Treasury —continued.

		communa.
- Fund.	Act No.	Remarks.
Developmental Railways Ac- count	2640	Established for the construction of developmental railways. The chief source of revenue is the proceeds of the sale of lands by auction, exclusive of Mallee lands, and interest paid by municipalities under the Developmental Roads Act 2944. The Fund is required to pay the interest on the liability under the last-named Act.
Licensing Fund	2683 and various amend- ments	Is controlled by the Licences Reduction Board. All the State licence fees in connexion with the sale and manufacture of liquor, together with Court fees, fines, and forfeitures under the Licensing Act, constitute the revenue. The expenditure consists of:— (a) The administration expenses of the Board; (b) Allowances to and expenses of Licensing Inspectors, Licensing Prosecutions, and Clerks of Licensing Courts; (c) Compensation for licences taken away or surrendered; (d) Annual statutory payments to specified municipalities; and (e) Annual transfer of £23,000 to the Police Superannuation Fund. The 1922 Act provides for an annual increment in the Fund of £20,000. Any surplus over and above this increment is transferred on 30th June to Consolidated Revenue.
Police Super- annuation Fund	2709	Established to pay superannuation allowances and gratuities, &c., to members of the Police Force who joined it prior to 25th November, 1902. The revenue consists of an annual subsidy of £2,000 an annual transfer of £23,000 from the Licensing Fund, a deduction of 2½ per cent. from the pay of members, and 50 per cent. of the fines inflicted in Courts of Petty Sessions; should the foregoing prove insufficient, the deficiency is provided from Consolidated Revenue. In 1927–28 the amount so provided was £82,000.
Police Pensions Fund	3316	Established to provide pensions, &c., for all members of the Police Force not already entitled to them, i.e., those who joined it after 25th November 1902. The revenue is derived from an annual payment of £50,000 from Consolidated Revenue, a deduction of 2½ per cent. from the pay of members, interest on surplus moneys invested, and such additional sum as may be paid into the Fund from Consolidated Revenue to ensure its solvency.

# Special Funds (excluding Sinking Funds) kept at the Treasury —continued.

Fund.	Act No.	Remarks.
The Superannuation	3408	Established to make provision for superannuation benefits on a contributory basis from 1st January, 1926, for State public servants and railway employees (see page 101).
The Port Phillip Pilot Sick and Superannua- tion Fund	2688	Established to provide pensions for pilots. It is maintained by deductions from pilots' earnings and the annual income derived from investment of the moneys belonging to the Fund. There is no contribution from the Government.
The State Accident Insurance Fund	2496	Receives and disburses all moneys (including expenses of administration) on account of the State Accident Insurance Office, which conducts Workers' Compensation Insurance. The General Reserve is invested in Victorian Stock.
Mallee Land Account	2676 and amend- ments	The revenue of this Fund is derived from land sales, rents, &c., in the Mallee. The total revenue could only be used for redemption of Victorian Stock or Debentures, prior to 1st July, 1927. Since the latter date, provision has been made for the payment of all receipts towards the State's contribution to the National Debt Sinking Fund.
The Railway Accident and Fire Insurance Fund	2716	This Fund was established as a reserve to meet the cost incurred by the Railways Department in connexion with:—(a) The injury or death of any person by reason of an accident due to the neglect or default of the Department; (b) Compensation to employees injured on duty; (c) Damage to property by fire; and (d) Damage to or loss of goods while in the possession of the Department for transportation. The Fund is regularly credited with an amount equal to ten shillings per centum of the Railway Revenue, subject to the condition that the amount at the credit of the Fund shall not exceed £100,000.
Metropolitan Roads Fund	3378	Established to receive the additional fees paid by motor omnibuses, as well as all moneys (less cost of collection) received by the licensing authority, under the provisions of the <i>Motor Omnibus Act</i> 1925. Moneys standing to the credit of the fund shall be allocated and paid to the several municipalities wherein the motor omnibuses are used, and shall be applied by the councils of those municipalities towards the construction, renewals, &c., of the streets or roads.

Special Funds (excluding Sinking Funds) kept at the Treasury —continued.

Fund.	Act No.	Remarks.
The Forestry Fund	2976	Established for the improvement and re-forestation of State Forests and for the development of forestry. The State Government contributes annually the sum of £40,000 to the fund, in addition it contributes annually a sum equal to one-half of the gross amount of forest revenue in excess of £80,000.
Cattle Compensation Fund	3365	This fund was established for the purpose of paying compensation, in accordance with the Cattle Compensation Act, to owners of cattle destroyed by the order of any authorized stock inspector. The fund is credited with all sums received by or for the Comptroller of Stamps in respect of stamp duty on statements under this Act, and all penalties recovered under the Act.
Swine Compensation Fund	3523	Functions similarly to the Cattle Compensation Fund except that it relates to payment of compensation to owners of swine destroyed by the order of any authorized stock inspector.
State Loans Repayment Fund	3554	This fund was established in accordance with the Commonwealth and States Financial Agreement. Where loan moneys have been advanced by the Treasurer under terms providing for their repayment, such repayments shall be placed to the credit of the fund. Advances may be made from the fund for loan purposes.

Under the Local Government Act the municipalities have power to levy rates, and are assisted with grants by the State Government. Particulars regarding municipal finance are given in another section of the Year-Book. Allied to the municipalities are the Boards and Trusts which control water supply, irrigation, and sewerage, and have rating powers in connexion therewith. There are also the Metropolitan Fire Brigades Board and the Country Fire Brigades Board, which are concerned with fire extinction in the metropolis and urban districts, and derive their revenues from the State Government, the Municipalities, and Insurance Companies; and the Melbourne and Geelong Harbour Trusts, which are entrusted with the management of those respective ports, and derive their revenues mainly from wharfage rates.

A summary of the transactions for the financial year 1927-28 in the Consolidated Revenue Fund and in the special funds referred to above gives the following result:—

			ž		£
Revenue deficit at 30th Ju	ne, 1927				1,593,708
Revenue, 1927-28	• •	1. L. C	27,35		
Expenditure, 1927-28		• •	27,52	1,270	<b>)</b>
Deficit for the year	••	••		••	163,353
Revenue deficit at 30th Ju	ne, 1928	••			1,757,061

The Revenue and Expenditure Account is a statement of cash transactions, the revenue representing actual receipts less refunds, and the expenditure actual payments made during the year. accumulated revenue deficiency had its beginning in the 1890-91, when it amounted to £206,843, and in the course of the next five years it was added to year by year, until it reached its greatest magnitude (£2,711,436) on 30th June, 1896. On 30th June, 1914, the amount was £251,652, but by the 30th June, 1916, it was increased to This deficiency has since been steadily reduced each year to £687,678 on 31st December, 1925. As the transactions during each of the years 1925-26, 1926-27 and 1927-28 resulted in deficits of £289,827, £616,203, and £163,353 respectively, the accumulated revenue deficiency was increased to £1,757,061. An Act (No. 3341), passed on 21st May, 1924, provides for a yearly appropriation of at least £25,000 from revenue towards the reduction of the deficit, and by section 13 of the same Act the excess of receipts over expenditure for any financial year is also applied thereto by the following 31st December.

The differences between the amounts of revenue and expenditure shown above and those given in the Treasurer's Finance Statement arise from the use of a different method of classification for statistical purposes. The public revenue of certain special funds is added to the Consolidated Revenue—an equivalent amount being entered as expenditure. The particulars for 1927–28 are as follows:—

Items.	Public Revenue.	Public Expenditure.
Fotal according to Treasurer's Finance Statement.	£ 26,566,864	£ 26,730,217
Add public revenue of the following funds—	007040	007.040
	927,040	927,040
	153,288 14,015	153,288 14,015
Police Superannuation Fund Assurance Fund	3,836	3,836
Cattle Communication Francis	96,099	26,933
Metropolitan Roads Fund	7,557	7,557
Spring Communities Florid	8,806	8,806
Deduct—		
Loss on non-paying railways Payment to Railways Department on account	203,410	203,410
reduced Freight Charges	147,012	147,012
Total	27,357,917	27,521,270

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding £10,000 transferred to Revenue under Section 5 of Act No. 3425. † Excluding £238,662 transferred to Revenue under Section 39 of Act No. 3259.

Compiled on the above basis, the revenue and expenditure of the State for the last ten years are shown in the next statement:-

#### STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE: 1918-19 TO 1927-28.

				Surplus (+). Deficiency (-).			
Year.		Public Revenue.	Public Expenditure.	For each Year.	Reduction of Consolidated Revenue Deficit by Revenue Surplus Acts.	Accumulated Deficiency to end of each Year (i.e. 30th June).	
		£	£	£	£	£	
1918-19		13.044.088	13,023,407	+ 20,681	44,000	-1.517,208	
1919-20		15,866,184	15,852,459	+ 13,725	100,000	-1,403,483	
1920-21		19,054,475	19,041,698	+12,777	100,000	-1,290,706	
1921-22		20,357,733	20,297,279	+60,454	25,000	-1,205,252	
1922-23		21,634,677	21,611,309	+ 23,368		-1,181,884	
						At 31st De-	
						cember fol-	
						lowing:-	
1923-24		23,075,968	22,950,968	+125,000*	234,802	- 822,082	
1924-25		24,304,887	24,170,483	+134,404		- 687,678	
1925–26		25,269,756	25,559,583	-289,827		<b>977,505</b>	
1926-27	÷	27,128,700	27,744,903	-616,203		-1,593,708	
1927-28		27,357,917	27,521,270	-163,353		-1,757,061	

Only £25,000 appropriated towards reduction of deficit by 30th June, balance (£100,000)
 by 31st December following (Act No. 3341).
 Only £25,000 appropriated towards reduction of deficit by 30th June, balance (£109,404)
 by 31st December following (Act No. 3341).

Heads of Details of the sources of the revenue for the last five State Revenue. financial years are given in the following statement:-

### HEADS OF STATE REVENUE, 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

Heads of Revenue.	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925–26.	1926–27.	1927-28.
Commonwealth Pay-	£	£	£	£	£
ments to State	2,014,746	2.055.834	2,090,951	2,127,159	2,152,615
State Taxation—					
Income Tax	1,702,483	2,076,656	2,238,429	2,382,991	3,035,014
Land Tax	412,165	421,662	457,441	517,229	560,013
Probate Duty	798,315	802 <b>,</b> 33 <b>3</b>	940,609	1,111,876	1,117,164
Betting Taxation				1	
(Stamp duties,			4 5, 44		
licences, and			· .		
percentage)	186,141	170,998	133,067	142,071	135,265
Other Stamp Duties	1,011,966	963,307	1,017,351	1,059,655	1,004,079
Motor Car and Motor	i				
Omnibus Acts*	233,300	418,840	641,765	804,903	922,437
Liquor Taxation			4.	1	
and Licences†	320,331	343,524	352,826	354,096	365,453

<sup>\*</sup> Moneys paid into the Country Roads Board Fund and Metropolitan Roads Fund. Included under "Taxation" in accordance with the recommendation of the Perth Conference of Statisticians. † Received by the Licensing Fund. For details relating to 1927-28, see page 125.

Finance.

HEADS OF STATE REVENUE, 1923-24 to 1927-28-continued.

Heads of Revenue.	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.
State Taxation—con-	£	£	£	£	£
Other Licences* Duties on Bank	43,007	39,360	37,647	37,551	36,696
Notes	1,750	1,740	1,899	1,564	1,878
Public Works and Services—	1,.50	1,120	2,000	_,,,,,	7,7
Railways	11,922,195	12,549,878	12,423,715	13,373,119	12,624,544
Water Supply	443,384	439,442	470,072	539,981	574,559
Harbour Trusts,	-,	,	1		
Wharfage, &c.	207,692	213,510	209,242	213,111	225,388
State Coal Mine	568,897	428,579	524,137	670,540	705,307
State Electricity		,	1		
Commission	255,195	295,572	448,341	518,802	598,414
Interest on proper-					
ties transferred to				,	
Commonwealth	80,844	80,760	80,454	80,426	80,600
Maffra Beet Sugar					
Factory	92,231	129,732	137,997	79,435	58,900
Brown Coal Sales†	61,921	23	•••		••
Other	109,598	125,034	141,766	165,169	179,610
Land-					
Land Sales, Rents,			1. 1		
Penalties, &c.‡	461,250	438,241	461,650	438,257	426,616
Interest on Loans—			1		
Closer Settlement Discharged Soldiers Settle-	177,969	235,660	256,814	271,746	288,889
ment Acts	1.113.158	1,172,246	1,186,764	1,193,727	1,229,426
Fees, Fines, &c.§	266,292		265,993	277,758	295,150
Tramways Act 2995					
(Sec. 88)	92,998	106,211	104,393	108,453	109,252
Sale of Books and	,			, , , ,	
Documents, &c.					
(Govt. Printer)	83,531	85,915	82,085	143,112	145,013
Department of Agri-		,			
culture—		100			٠.
Victoria Dock Cool					
Stores	18,898		27,886	32,455	28,205
All other	54,384		49,661	52,985	50,432
Miscellaneous	341,327	366,249	486,801	430,529	406,998
Total	23,075,968	3 24,304,887	25,269,756	27,128,700	27,357,917
Per Head of Popula-	£ s. d		£ s. d.	£ s, d.	£ s. d. 15 14 2

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding Race Clubs, which are included in "Betting Taxation".
† Transferred to the State Electricity Commission on 1st April, 1924.
‡ Excluding proceeds of land by auction, which are payable into the Developmental Railways Account; such payments amounted to \$25,588 in 1923-24, £22,982 in 1924-25, £21,898 in 1925-26, £24,131 in 1926-27, and £23,231 in 1927-28, § Excluding fees payable under Motor Car Act (see "Taxation").

The revenue for 1927-28 represents an increase of £229,217 on that for the previous year. The chief increases were under the following headings:—Taxation, £766,063; State Electricity Commission, £79,612; and Land revenue, £41,201. The receipts from the Railways Department were £748,575 less than in 1926-27.

#### STATE EXPENDITURE.

Heads of State Expenditure. The following table shows for the last five years the principal heads of expenditure from State Revenue:—

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE FROM STATE REVENUE: 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

Heads of Expenditure.	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.
General Government.	£	£	£	£	£
Governor	9,694	9,376	10,504	12,940	9,141
Parliament and Minis- try	110,028	100,841	98,859	138,898	124,518
Civil Establishment, n.e.i	450,254	437,374	442,581	483,272	475,861
ties*	580,181	621,695	656,797	735,955	800,297
Law, Order, and Protection.					
Judicial and Legal Police	253,285 663,319	259,216 622,331	270,029 647,075	292,383 710,449	296,804 721,106
Penal Establishments and Gaols	101,122	99,732	116,542	114,397	111,502
Education, &c.					
State Schools Technical Schools University Libraries, &c. Art and Science	1,819,852 217,539 56,450 38,367 7,370	1,885,826 236,008 64,398 41,574 10,540	2,108,112 143,808 64,628 42,817 9,661	2,286,103 152,428 71,261 53,785 10,155	2,517,679 164,837 70,103 56,053 9,211
Recreation and Health.		, il			
Parks, Gardens, and Public Resorts Public Health Charitable Institu-	31,843 93,878	34,464 109,401	32,234 115,982	33,860 137,369	33,701 138,395
tions, &c.	890,840	1,026,789	1,096,300	1,156,358	1,235,839

<sup>\*</sup> For details, see page 99.

Summary of Expenditure from State Revenue: 1923-24 to 1927-28—continued.

		<u> </u>			
Heads of Expenditure.	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.
Crown Lands, &c.	£	£	£	£	£
Crown Lands	268,216	253,062	257,743	267,249	267,898
Agriculture and Stock	347,502	391,931	414,036	448,857	458,322
Mining	657,520	472,539	570,374	717,236	747,076
Public Works.					
Railways	8,818,314	9,513,613	9,598,888	10,234,464	9,844,477
Water Supply	219,105	229,049	236,194	249,246	260,179
Harbours, Rivers, and		,	1	-	
Lights	97,071	112,338	114,642	104,821	119,447
Roads and Bridges	6,900	40,795	29,302	84,573	73,416
Country Roads Board	293,523	455,613	664,069	808,663	937,094
State Electricity	- 200,020	200,020	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Commission	14,826	20,936	19,144	14,662	12,497
Municipal Endow-	11,020	20,000	10,111	11,002	12,10
ment, &c.*	122,384	143,101	183,862	188,824	210,492
Works and Buildings,	122,001	140,101	100,002	100,021	210,102
n.e.i.	103,350	145,094	137,999	144,245	120,389
Interest and Expenses	100,000	140,004	101,000	111,240	120,000
4 70 1 11 70 17	5,669,970	5,905,947	6,372,993	6,826,662	6,937,764
	3,009,970	5,905,947	0,572,995	0,020,002	0,937,404
Redemption Funds,	104.00=	F 00 005	010 904	600.010	7
&c	484,825	563,287	618,304	689,913	
Contribution to	[ ]				
National Debt					040.010
Sinking Fund†	J	•••	••		349,616
Discharged Soldiers				1	
Concessions Fund	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Other Expenditure.					
Mint Subsidy	25,000	26,000	25,000	29,000	31,000
Fire Brigades	53,433	58,433	62,254	66,733	70,198
Immigration	27,378	26,798	26,352	26,060	20,131
Licences Reduction		20,100			,
Board, including	,				,
Compensation	56,168	43,663	81,293	101,275	48,533
Railway passes to	00,100	10,000	01,200	,	20,000
Blind and Incapaci-	-				
tated Soldiers	7,253	9,263	10,400	11,299	12,115
Liquidation of guar-	1,200	0,200	10,200	11,200	12,110
anteed Bank Over-				1	
drafts of Freezing					
			F4 104	110 070	07 140
Companies, &c		•••	74,194	113,676	27,142
Cattle Compensation				07.007	00.000
Fund	••	••	24,614	21,895	26,933
Surplus Revenue ap-					1
propriated to "Re-					1
venue Services "	132,216				
Miscellaneous	146,992	124,456	106,997	130,937	106,504
Tetal	22,950,968	24.170.483	25,559,583	27,744,903	27,521,270
D II. A. ( D	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Per Head of Population	14 2 5	14 11 9	15 3 7	16 4 2	15 16 1

<sup>\*</sup> Including annual payment from Licensing Fund.

Compared with the previous year the ordinary expenditure of the State for 1927-28 showed a decrease of £223,633. The heads of expenditure showing the largest decreases were:—Railways, £389,987; and Redemption Funds (now National Debt Sinking Fund), £340,297. The chief increases occurred in the following items:—State Schools, £231,576; Country Roads Board, £128,431; Public Debt charges, £111,102; and Charitable Institutions, &c., £79,481.

In regard to the surpluses of various years which are included in the preceding table under the item "Surplus Revenue Appropriated to Revenue Services" it is interesting to note to what purposes the money so appropriated was applied in subsequent years. Up to 30th June, 1928, the total amount appropriated was £2,936,307, of which all but £5,031 had been expended. These figures do not include appropriations under Act 3341 passed 21st May, 1924, which thereafter provides for the yearly surplus being applied towards the reduction of the accumulated deficit. The following table shows the details of such expenditure for each of the last four years and the total up to 30th June, 1928:—

SURPLUS REVENUE EXPENDITURE.

(Excluding surplus revenue appropriations under Act No. 3341.)

				· **	Total to
Service.	1924-25.	1925–26.	1926-27.	1927-28.	30th June, 1928,
	£	£	£	£	£
Capital Services—					
Railways	••				250,696
Other			l		64,170
Revenue Services—					
Railways	••				497,729
Education—					
State schools		• •	!		340,692
Other	• •	• •		66	136,878
Crown Lands (including					
reclamation, drainage,					
&c.)	••	• • • •			149,480
Harbours, Rivers, and	- 1				
Lights		• •		• •	117,293
Roads and Bridges	750	713	950	169	114,812
Mining Development, &c.	• •	••		• •	85,000
Railways salaries (arrears)	• •	••			73,496
Public Health	••	21	8,463	11,524	54,635
Charitable Institutions	33,753	38,966	5,146	14,992	199,083
Redemption of Treasury					'
Bonds and Unfunded					
Debt	••		••	••	503,802
Developmental Railways					1
Account—Refund	•••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	129,148
Miscellaneous	401	8,813	5,647	541	214,362
Total	34,904	48,513	20,206	27,292	2,931,276

The following table sets out in a different form to Business Undertakings. pages 82 and 84 the heads of State Revenue and Expenditure, but specially shows the operations of the Government Business undertakings in their relation to State Revenue and Expenditure.

### STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, 1927-28.

STATE REVENUE.		STATE EXPENDITURE.	
Particulars.		Particulars.	
	<del></del>		
	£		£
Taxation	7,177,999	Public Debt Charge (excl. interest	٠.
		paid on business undertakings)	2,369,79
Land Revenue (excl. State Saw	399,758	Lands and Survey (excl. Forests Commission)	81,23
MIII)	399,738	Business Undertakings (incl.	01,20
Business Undertakings—		interest paid by State)—	
Railways	12,624,544	Railways (incl. Pensions)	13,514,03
Water Supply and Sewerage		Water Supply and Sewerage	1,165,56
(incl. interest)	574,559		
Electricity Commission (interest	502 414	Electricity Commission	602,82
only) Harbours (incl. Melb. Harbour	598,414	Harbours, Rivers, and	
Trust contribution)	225,388	Lights	167,14
State Coal Mine (incl. interest)	705,307	State Coal Mine	704,55
Maffra Beet Sugar Factory	58,960	Maffra Beet Sugar Factory	95,62
Cool Stores	28,205	Cool Stores	86,15
Newport Seasoning Works	10,824	Newport Seasoning Works	10,000
State Saw Mill	16,034	State Saw Mill	15,31
Wire Netting Manufacture	19,780	Wire Netting Manufacture	<b>2</b> 7,34
Explosive Dues	11,188	77 -7	0.01
Lighterage and Explosives (excl. licences and fees)	4,076	Explosives	9,91
Melbourne Tramways Board	4,010	٠.,	
Contribution	109,252		
002000000000000000000000000000000000000	100,-02	Mines (excl. State Coal Mine)	52,193
		Agriculture (excl. Cool Stores	•
		and Beet Sugar Factory)	307,43
		Forests (excl. Newport Seasoning	
*	i	Works and State Saw Mill)	161,35
Fees, fines, &c.	905 150	Justice Penal Establishments	296,804 111,505
rees, nnes, œc	295,150	T 11 (1 1 T)	894,12
		Grants to Municipalities	210.49
		Education, &c.	2,817,88
Interest (less amounts included		Public Health	138,39
with Business Undertakings)	1,843,514	Hospitals and Charitable Insti-	l
Commonwealth Payments to State		tutions	1,235,83
Other Sources	502,410	Parliament (incl. Governor, Elec-	100 05
		tions, &c.) Pensions and Gratuities (other	133,65
		3 30 10 100 11	291,33
		Civil Establishment, N.E.I.	475,86
		Country Roads Board	937.09
		Other	607,80
	05 055 055	m 4.1.72	0= K01 0=
Total Revenue	27,357,917	Total Expenditure	27,521,27

<sup>\*</sup> Including expenditure on Export Development.

#### INCOME TAX.

An income tax was first imposed in Victoria in 1895. State and, although originally fixed for a period of three years, it has, with certain amendments and alterations, been retained and continued from year to year until the present time. Incomes assessed for tax in any year are those earned, derived, or received in Victoria in the preceding year, and are divided into two classes, viz.:—(1) those derived from personal exertion, and (2) those derived from property. The former consist of salaries, wages, stipends, fees, commissions, bonuses, pensions, superannuation or retiring allowances earned in or derived from Victoria, and all incomes arising or accruing from any profession, trade, or business carried on in Victoria: whilst the latter comprise incomes from all other sources. In computing the taxable income certain deductions are allowed from the assessable income, the principal of which are outgoings and losses incurred in the production of the income, life assurance premiums not exceeding £50, and calls or contributions actually paid into any mining company registered under the Companies Act 1915, or to any company in liquidation.

In the statement shown on page 91, relating to Income Tax assessments on *incomes* of each of the last five years, the figures are not comparable unless the varying rates of tax imposed are taken into consideration. The rates for the years specified were as follows:—

(a) On incomes of the year 1922-23.—The minimum income subject to tax was £201, and the exemption allowed on incomes between £201 and £500 was £150. No exemption was allowed on incomes exceeding £500, or to companies. The rate of tax for individuals on the amount of taxable income from personal exertion up to but not exceeding £500, was 3d. in the £1. the taxable income exceeded £500, the rates on incomes from personal exertion were 4d. for every £1 of the taxable amount thereof up to £500, 5d. for every £1 between £501 and £1,000, 6d. for every £1 between £1,001 and £1,500, and 7d. for every £1 over £1,500. rates on incomes from property were respectively double the rates on incomes from personal exertion. In the case of life assurance companies, the tax was 12d. in the £1 on 30 per cent. of the premium income from ordinary business and on 15 per cent. of that from industrial business. In the case of mining companies the tax was 12d. in the £1 on the total amount of dividends declared and debenture interest paid. In the case of other companies liable to tax, the rate was 12d. in the £1 on the profits. The following further deductions were allowed to taxpayers whose incomes did not exceed £800 per annum:—(1) £30 in respect of each child under 16 years of age; (2) certain expenses during illness; (3) friendly society contributions; and (4) funeral and burial expenses not exceeding £20.

(b) On incomes of the year 1923-24:—The rates of tax were unaltered, but the exemption on incomes from £201 to £500 was £200 (instead of £150 as formerly). A super-tax was imposed on incomes (excluding companies) over £800. The amount of super-tax was as follows:—

From £800 to £1,000	• •	 10 per cent.
,, 1,001 to 1,250		 $12\frac{1}{2}$ ,,
,, 1,251 to 2,200	• •	 15 ,,
,, 1,251 to 2,200 ,, 2,201 to 5,000	* *	 20 ,,
Exceeding £5,000		 25 ,,

Companies (other than Mutual Life Assurance Companies) were taxed at the rate of 15d. in the £1 of the taxable amount of income. Mutual Life Assurance Companies were taxable at the rate of 12d. in the £1 in respect of their Mutual Life Assurance business, and at the rate of 15d. in the £1 on all other business.

On incomes not exceeding £800 an additional deduction of £50 was allowed to a married taxpayer for the maintenance of his wife provided that she had not an income of her own exceeding £100 per annum. The amount deductible from income in respect of children under sixteen years of age was increased from £30 to £50.

(c) On incomes of the years 1924-25 and 1925-26:—The exemption on incomes £201 to £500, and allowable deductions on incomes not exceeding £800, were the same as (b), but the rates of tax were as follows:—

	Rate of Tax per£1 of Taxable Income.								
Taxable Income.	Personal Exertion.	Pro- perty.	Companies.						
TT 4- 0500	91.1	$\frac{d}{7}$	Martinel Tife Assumence Com-						
Up to £500	3½d. ) £1 to £500	1	Mutual Life Assurance Companies, 12d. in the £1 in						
£500 to £1,000	$4\frac{1}{2}d$ .	9	respect of their Mutual Life						
	£500 to £1,000		Assurance business, and 16d.						
£1,000 to £1,500	$5\frac{1}{2}d$ .	11	in the £1 on all other busi-						
£1,500 to £2,000	\$\\ \£1,000 to £1,500 \\ 6\\ \£1,500  \text{and} \\ \text{upwards} \end{array}	13	ness. Other Companies, 16d. in the £l of the taxable amount of income.						
£2,001 and upwards	$\begin{array}{c} \text{upwards} \\ 7_{\frac{1}{2}}\text{d.} \end{array}$	15							
£2,001 and upwards	$I_{\frac{1}{2}}\alpha$ .	15							

A super-tax on incomes (excluding Companies) over £800 was also imposed similar to that shown under (b).

(d) On incomes of the year 1926-27.—The exemption on incomes £201 to £500, and allowable deductions on incomes not exceeding £800, were the same as (b), but the rates of tax were as follows:—

		Rate of Tax per £1 of Taxable Income.						
Taxable Incom	e.							
		Personal Exertion.	Pro- perty.	Companies.				
			-					
			d.					
Up to £500	•	$4\frac{1}{2}d.$ 1 to £500	9	Mutual Life Assurance Companies, 12d. in the £1 in				
£500 to £1000	••	$5\frac{1}{2}$ d.	11	respect of their Mutual Life				
£1,000 to £1,500		£500 to £1,000 6½d.	13	Assurance business, and 18d. in the £1 on all other busi-				
£1,500 to £2,000		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	ness. Other Companies, 18d. in the £1 of the taxable				
,000 00 <b></b> ,000		£1,500 and		amount of income.				
£2,001 and upwa	rds	$\begin{array}{c} \text{upwards} \\ 8\frac{1}{2}\text{d.} \end{array}$	17					

A super-tax on incomes (excluding Companies) over £800 was also imposed similar to that shown under (b).

For the purpose of simplifying the collection of income tax, the Income Tax Amendment Act 1923 was passed on 22nd December, 1923. This Act provides that the Victorian Income Tax Department shall be the collecting authority for the income tax payable in the State under Commonwealth law. In cases where income is received in two or more States, no alteration has been made—the tax being assessed and collected by the Central Office of the Commonwealth Income Tax Department.

In previous issues of this part prior to 1924-25 the particulars relating to income tax assessments, &c., had been taken from the Income Tax Report, which only gave an analysis as at the 30th June

of each year. In the following table the figures have been amended, and they now represent complete details of the assessments on incomes for each of the five years specified:-

### INCOME TAX ASSESSMENTS.

Heading.		On Incomes of—														
neaumg.		192	22-2	23.	19	23-	-24.	192	4–2	5.	192	5-2	6.	199	26-	27.
		{														
Number of Asse	88-															
ments : Individuals Companies		1	53,5 2,6	519 578			818 890	1	39, 2,9	183 982		42,8 3,3	392 349		53, 3,	108 362
Total, Distin	nct 	1	56,1	97	1	30,	708	1	42,	l 65	1	46,	241	1	56,	770
en 11 7			£			£			£	į		£			£	
Taxable Incomes: Individuals Companies		$\frac{46,2}{16,1}$						44,1 17,5						42,1 18,1		
Total		62,3	50,	389	54,8	82,	440	61,7	24,0	040	57,9	86,	32 <b>4</b>	60,3	65,	361
																-
Tax payable: Individuals Companies	•••		£ 36,5 05,9			£ 70,8 14,9			£ 24,0 59,4		▶ <sup>1,1</sup>	£ 29,5 10,8			£ 82,8 45,3	
Total*		1,7	42,5	— 511	1,9	85,	760	2,3	83,4	197	2,2	39,	716	2,7	28,	96
			_										-			-
Per taxpayer:		£	s.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.
Individuals Companies	•••	6 300	$\begin{smallmatrix}2\\19\end{smallmatrix}$	0 4	7 351	11 3	11 10	8 388	15 16	11 5		18 11	] 11	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 367 \end{array}$	0 7	8 7
Average tax payal in the £ on taxal incomes by—			d.			d.			d.			d.			d.	
Individuals Companies			1.86 2.00		]	6.6 14.8			3.66 5.83			3.58 5.82		]	7.8 17.7	

<sup>\*</sup> For actual collections in the following financial year, see page 82.

<sup>†</sup> The average amount of tax payable per individual taxpayer with taxable incomes not exceeding £500 was £1 16s. ld.; and of those exceeding £500 the average amount was £43 1s. 7d.

The total net incomes of taxpayers in 1926-27, who were assessed to pay tax, amounted to £85,621,861, but, as 126,280 taxpayers were allowed the £200 exemption, the amount available for taxation was £60,365,861.

The total number of individuals and companies who paid tax on their incomes for 1926-27 is detailed, under specified grades of taxable income, in the following table:—

TOTAL NUMBER OF TAXPAYERS (1926-27 INCOMES).

		Indiv	iduals.				
Taxable Incomes.	Personal Exertion.	Property.	Combined Personal and Property.	Total.	Companies.	Grand Total	
£	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Not exceeding 100	79,146	4,735	312	84,193	705	84,898	
101 to 200	25,986	2,477	589	29,052	376	29,428	
201- 350	10,887	1,502	646	13,035	324	13,359	
351- 500	2	2	8	12	212	224	
501- 700	4,371	1,356	5,053	10,780	224	11,004	
701–1,000	2,250	840	3,167	6,257	250	6,507	
1,001–1,200	960	319	1,458	2,737	127	2,864	
1,201–1,500	• 825	271	1,315	2,411	167	2,578	
1,501-2,000	606	217	1,184	2,007	207	2,214	
2,001-2,400	205	86	506	797	99	896	
2,401-3,000	173	69	403	645	119	764	
3,001-4,000	130	58	345	533	131	664	
4,001-5,000	53	27	185	265	133	398	
5,001-6,000	29	15	83	127	82	209	
6,001-7,400	26	10	75	111	91	202	
7,401 and over	21	17	108	146	415	561	
Total	125,670	12,001	15,437	153,108	3,662	156,770	

Of the individual taxpayers, 82·1 per cent. obtained their incomes wholly from personal exertion, 7·8 per cent. from property, and 10·1 per cent. from personal exertion and property combined. Seventy-four per cent. of the individual taxpayers were in receipt of taxable incomes not exceeding £200, but the tax payable by them amounted to only about 12 per cent. of the total for individuals.

In the succeeding statement particulars of the sources of taxable incomes for 1926-27 are arranged in order of groups of taxable incomes:—

TAYARLE	INCOMES	/1096 97	INCOMES).
TAAADLE	INCOMED	(1920-41	INCOMED).

				Indivi	duals.				
Taxal	ole In	Personal Exertion. Property. Combined Personal and Property.		Total.	Companies.	Grand Total.			
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Not ex	ceedi	ng 100	3,602,758	218,875	19,736	3,841,369	28,635	3,870,004	
101	to	200	3,693,676	360,717	89,534	4,143,927	54,922	4,198,849	
201	-	350	2,671,216	371,445	161,538	3,204,199	88,189	3,292,388	
351	_	500	761	794	3,397	4,952	89,237	94,189	
501	٠ ــ	700	2,534,294	794,580	2,947,595	6,276,469	133,940	6,410,409	
701	_	1,000	1,924,237	702,434	2,682,128	5,308,799	212,647	5,521,446	
1,001	-	1,200	1,050,555	347,259	1,589,588	2,987,402	139,303	3,126,705	
1,201		1,500	1,101,623	363,646	1,755,439	3,220,708	224,382	3,445,090	
1,501	_	2,000	1,049,688	375,214	2,041,728	3,466,630	360,285	3,826,915	
2,001	-	2,400	447,389	188,101	1,104,978	1,740,468	214,812	1,955,280	
2,401	-	3,000	460,917	183,245	1,072,962	1,717,124	320,552	2,037,676	
3,001	-	4,000	447,074	196,497	1,182,422	1,825,993	453,710	2,279,703	
4,001	-	5,000	235,974	121,462	823,597	1,181,033	595,654	1,776,687	
5,001	_	6,000	156,325	81,948	450,143	688,416	444,563	1,132,979	
6,001	-	7,400	166,067	67,519	495,426	729,012	612,633	1,341,645	
7,401 8	ind o	ver	196,582	299,636	1,342,971	<b>1,839</b> ,189	14,216,707	16,055,896	
	Tota	1	19,739,136	4,673,372	17,763,182	42,175,690	18,190,171	60,365,861	

The division showing the highest amount of taxable income of individuals is that from £501 to £700; the next in order being the group £701 to £1,000. Nearly fifty-four per cent. of the taxable income of individuals was earned by persons in receipt of taxable incomes not exceeding £1,000. The great bulk of the taxable income of companies

was earned by a few of the larger ones—415, which were in receipt of £7,401 and upwards, having had taxable incomes representing 78 per cent. of the total for all companies.

The complete figures relating to the tax payable on the 1926-27

incomes are set out hereunder:-

TAX PAYABLE ON 1926-27 INCOMES.

		Indivi	duals.			
Taxable Incomes.	Personal Exertion.	Property.	Combined Personal and Property.	Total.	Companies.	Grand Total.
Not exceeding 100 101 to 200 201 - 350 351 - 500 501 - 700 701 - 1,000 1,201 - 1,500 1,201 - 2,000 1,001 - 2,400 2,401 - 2,400 2,401 - 5,000 5,001 - 6,000 5,001 - 6,000 5,001 - 7,400 5,001 - 7,400 5,001 - 7,400	£ 68.316 67.930 48,561 14 59,752 30,030 33,443 33,968 15.515 16.955 17.046 9,234 6,467 6,946 8,359	£ 8,248 13,520 13,931 60 37,409 36,747 19,926 22,151 24,343 13,135 13,506 14,962 9,524 6,787 5,665 25,999	£ 2,316 4,126 43 79,249 81,131 52,174 60,489 74,312 43,246 51,505 66,628 20,210 23,361 70,581	£ 77.093 83,766 66,618 117 175,659 168,630 102,130 116,083 132,623 71,896 74,967 83,513 55,386 33,464 35,972 104,939	£ 2,143 4,108 6,597 6,669 10,040 15,942 10,438 16,817 27,021 16,092 24,042 33,972 44,674 43,342 44,674 15,892 1,047,551	£ 79,23 87,87 73,21 6,78 185,69 184,57 112,56 132,90 159,64 87,98 99,00 117,48 100,06 66,80 81,86
Total	472,537	265,913	644,406	1,382,856	1,345,340	2,728,19

Companies with taxable incomes of £7,401 and over were assessed for an amount which represented 38·4 per cent. of the total tax payable; for all companies the proportion was 49·3 per cent. The tax payable by persons in the group £501 to £1,000 was 24·9 per cent. of the total for individuals. Exclusive of the amount payable by companies, 34 per cent. of the tax payable was derived from personal exertion, 19 per cent. from property, and 47 per cent. from personal exertion and property combined.

In addition to the State Income Tax there is a Commonwealth Income Tax, which was first imposed on incomes earned in the financial year 1914-15. The tax collected by the Commonwealth Government, in the year 1927-28, amounted to £10,165,175, and it is estimated that the payments made on Victorian income would be about £2,745,000.

#### LAND TAX.

The State Land Tax Act of 1915 provides for a tax on the unimproved value of land and for the assessment of land and other purposes. Unimproved value for the purposes of this Act means the sum which might be expected to be realized at the time of valuation if the land were offered for sale on such terms as a seller might in ordinary circumstances be expected to require, and assuming

that the improvements (if any) had not been made. The nature of the taxation is a duty upon land for every pound sterling of the unimproved value thereof, as assessed under the Act, at a rate declared for each year by Act of Parliament. Previously to 1923 the rate of tax was one halfpenny on every pound sterling of the unimproved value of all land having an unimproved value exceeding £250, but since the year mentioned an increased amount has been payable—a super-tax of 5 per cent. having been added to the old rate. No tax is chargeable when the total unimproved value of all lands owned does not exceed £250. Where the assessed unimproved value exceeds the amount of exemption (£250) the exemption diminishes at the rate of £1 for every £1 of such excess, so as to leave no exemption when the unimproved value amounts to, or exceeds £500.

An analysis, in specified groups of estates, of the 1928 Land Tax assessments based on unimproved values as at 31st December, 1927, is given hereunder.

ANALYSIS OF LAND TAX ASSESSMENTS, 1928.

	proved Values of ranging between	ı—	Number of Taxpayers.	Total Amount of Unimproved Values.	Tax Payable.
<del></del>	£		No.	£	£
1 :	and 500		56,248	20,058,007	26,629
501 a	and 600		11,217	6,211,846	13,399
601 8	$\mathbf{and} = 750$		11,614	7,832,664	16,842
751 8	and 1,000		13,154	11,456,210	24,551
1,001	and $1,250$		8,304	9,301,274	19,963
1,251	and 1,500		6,393	8,773,991	18,818
1,501	and $2,000$		8,566	14,901,941	32,054
2,001	and $3,500$		12,740	33,498,391	72,239
3,501	and 5,000		5,495	22,953,496	49,633
5,001	and 6,000		2,081	11,368,445	24,631
	and 7,000		1,392	8,999,014	19,468
	and 8,000		980	7,338,067	15,944
	and 9,000		651	5,500,907	11,767
9,001	and 10,000		485	4,595,501	9,937
	and 15,000		1,280	15,383,322	33,266
	and 20,000		506	8,694,412	18,990
20,001	and 25,000		277	6,190,212	13,514
	and 30,000		174	4,725,398	10,337
	and 35,000		121	3,912,153	8,554
	and 40,000		81	3,030,292	6,629
	and 50,000		118	5,257,511	11,505
	and 75,000		131	7,950,038	17,391
	and 100,000		57	4,919,069	10,761
	and 150,000	• •	35	4,205,570	9,044
	and 200,000		15	2,587,480	5,658
200,001	and over	• •	12	3,447,150	7,467
	Total		142,127	243,092,361	508,991

In the succeeding statement details are shown relating to the assessments made since the inception of the present method of land taxation, which is levied on the unimproved value.

LAND	TAX	ASSESSMENTS,	1911	TO	1928.

	Year.	Number of Taxpayers.	Total Tax Payable.	Average Tax Payable per Taxpayer.	Unimproved Value (approximate).
	100	 			
		No.	£	$\mathfrak{L}$ s, d.	£
1911		 73,730	276,272	3 14 11	137,871,741
1912		 76,169	280,055	3 13 6	139,687,581
1913		 77,071	279,827	3 12 7	138,618,141
1914		 79,533	285,209	3 11 9	142,160,541
1915		 80,896	295,378	3 13 0	147,042,621
1916		 85,895	304,317	3 10 10	151,333,341
1917		88,783	309,429	3 9 8	153,091,687
1918		 88,926	310,142	3 9 9	154,129,341
1919		 89,363	310,059	3 9 5	154,089,501
1920		 94,463	317,174	3 7 2	157,504,701
1921		 103,237	335,566	3 5 0	166,332,861
1922		 108,269	353,970	3 5 5	175,166,781
1923		114,614	392,434	3 8 6	193,629,501
1924		 121,023	420,771	3 9 6	197,132,061
1925		 126,552	451,896	3 11 5	212,877,604
1926		132,029	467,137	3 10 9	223,862,138
1927	•••	137,099	480,887	3 10 2	229,995,614
1928		142,127	508,991	$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{11}$ $\frac{7}{7}$	243,092,361

In addition to the State Land Tax there is upon the wealth Land lands in the State a Commonwealth Land Tax, which was assented to on 17th November, 1910. The following particulars of land tax assessment for Victoria for the financial year 1925–26 have been furnished by the Federal Commissioner of Land Tax. The estates assessed numbered 5,857, of which 5,519 belonged to resident and 338 to absentee taxpayers. The unimproved value of these estates, as ascertained by the Department, and including the Victorian interests in the returns of 1,743 Central Office taxpayers, who owned land in more than one State, was £75,556,954. The tax payable on the latter amount was £711,976, being £702,283 for residents and £9,693 for absentees.

#### RAILWAYS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Victorian Railways, financial results.

A summary of the results of the working of the Victorian Railways during the last five years is given in the appended statement. The figures have been taken from the Railways Report and represent the actual business done each year, not the receipts and payments brought to account by the Treasury within the year. They include particulars of the Road Motor Services as well as the St. Kilda-Brighton and Sandringham-Beaumaris Electric Street Tramways.

#### RAILWAYS BALANCES: 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

Item.	1923–24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.
Gross Revenue	£ 12,025,987	£ 12,830,283	£ 12,743,566	£ 13,760,769	£ 12,953,039
Working Expenses Pensions, Gratuities, &c	8,776,514 206,366	9,489,368	9,595,132	10,227,442 215,015	9,830,186
Payment to the Super- annuation Fund	200,300		18,712	78,575	122,870
Net Receipts	3,043,107	3,125,828	2,910,326	3,239,737	2,786,903
Interest on Cost of Construction	3,015,455	3,099,885	3,092,695	3,287,277	3,340,612
Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)	+ 27,652*	+25,943	-182,369	<b>- 47,</b> 540	-553,709

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to deduction of an amount of £136,417, which has been written off. represents a loss on non-paying lines in previous years. The net result was, therefore, a deficit of £108,765.

#### RAILWAY ACCIDENT AND FIRE INSURANCE FUND.

The establishment of a permanent fund to be kept at the Treasury. and called the Railway Accident and Fire Insurance Fund, was effected by provision in the Railways Act 1907 (now the Railways Act 1915). This provision requires the Railways Commissioners to pay into such fund the sum of 10s. for every £100 sterling of the revenue of the Victorian Railways until the fund amounts to £100,000, at which amount it is to be maintained. During the year ended 30th June, 1928, the receipts of the fund amounted to £31,468, whilst the payments made therefrom were £3,388 for compensation, damages, costs, &c., to persons other than employees injured; £7,851 as compensation on account of injuries to or deaths of employees; and £21,734 as compensation for goods or parcels lost, and for damages caused by fire, &c. at the credit of the Fund at 30th June, 1928, was £98,530.

### PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

Pension and Superannuation Schemes in force. The following statement of Pension and Superannuation schemes in force at 30th June, 1928, in the Public Services of Victoria, gives details relating to the enacting legislation and description of the recipients.

# PENSION AND SUPERANNUATION SCHEMES OF PUBLIC SERVICES IN FORCE AT 30th JUNE, 1928.

·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Authority under which Legalized	Title of Act.	Description of Recipients.	Remarks.
18 and 19 Vict. Cap. 55, Schedule "D." Part V. (Proclaimed 23rd November, 1855)	Constitution	To Officers appointed during good behaviour	
Act No. 160 of 1862 (Passed 18th June, 1862) Act No. 2713 of 1915 }	Civil Ser- vice	Civil Officers who joined the Service prior to 24th De-	See Pensions Abolition Act (45 Vict No. 710) passed on 24th Decem
Act No. 773 of 1883 (Passed 1st November, 1883) Act No. 1133 of 1890 Act No. 2713 of 1915	Public Ser- vice	Public cember, 1881	ber, 1881, exempt ing Supremo Court Judges
Act No. 777 of 1883	Defences and Dis-	Members of Naval and Military Forces	Police, and Rail ways Employees
Act No. 1248 of 1891	cipline Railways	Railways Employees who joined the service prior to 2nd November,	Railways Pension were abolished by Act No. 767 of
Act No. 2716 of 1915	Public Service, &c.	1883  Transferred Officers to Commonwealth	1883
Act No. 2713   Sec. 84 of 1915 Act No. 345 of 1869	County	County Court Judges	
Act No. 2636 of 1915	Court Lunacy	Officers of Asylums, &c.	
Act No. 2687 of 1915	Police Regu- lations	Police Superannuation Fund for members of Police Force who	See page 99 post
Act No. 3316 of 1923	Police Pensions	joined prior to 25th November, 1902 Police Pensions Fund for members of Police	See page 100 post
Act No. 3408 of 1925	The Super-	Force who joined since 25th November, 1902 The Superannuation Fund for benefits for public	See page 101 post
And The Control of Control	Act	and railway servants and certain of their dependants	
Act No. 965 of 1887 (Royal Assent, 10th September, 1888) Act No. 1165 of 1890	Marine {	Port Phillip Pilot Sick and Superannuation Fund for pilots and their dependants—con- trolled by the Treasurer	No contributio from Stat Government. Se page 103 post, als Year Book 1895-8
Act No. 1997 of 1905	South Africa Contingents Pensions	from 26th April, 1889	page 335 See page 104 post

During the year 1927-28, the Government expended on pensions, gratuities, etc., the sum of £800,297. Of this amount, £455,698 was spent on ex-public servants who had contributed nothing towards their pensions. The remainder represents payments from State revenue to the Police Superannuation Fund, the Police Pensions Fund, and the Superannuation Fund. The following table gives details of the Government expenditure for each of the last five years.

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE ON PENSIONS, GRAT-UITIES, ETC., 1923–24 TO 1927–28.

<del></del>				<u> </u>	
Heading	1923-24.	1924–25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.
	£	£	£	£	£
Officers of Parliament	509	509	467		
Railways	200,576	210,233	215,789	214,900	211,730
Defences	229	221	221	221	222
Lunacy	2,942	2,545	2,223	1,968	1,861
Under Constitution Act	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
County Court Judges	750	750	750	750	750
Civil Service	38,262	35,962	32,646	30,465	26,394
Public Service	37,317	41,010	44,078	42,513	183,954
Education Department	129,418	137,395	138,927	141,670	1 100,001
Officers transferred to				~= 400	2
Commonwealth Service	29,434	27,863	28,728	27,400	25,568
Various Allowances	762	971	1,427	1,581	1,759
Compensations and Grat- uities	10.010	0.500	r coo	7 700	1.000
utties	12,610	8,782	5,638	1,793	1,960
Total Pensions, Gratuities,					
&c	454,309	467,741	472,394	464,761	455,698
Police Superannuation Fund—					
Government Subsidy	66,500	68,000	71,000	74,000	84,000
Transferred from	00,500	00,000	71,000	14,000	34,000
Licensing Fund		•		-	
(Act No. 2855)	23,000	23.000	23,000	23,000	23.000
Fines	11,372	12,954	13,570	15,106	14,015
	11,012		10,0.0		11,010
Police Pensions Fund	25,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	52,000
The Superannuation Fund			26,833	109,088	171,584
GRAND TOTAL	580,181	621,695	656,797	735,955	800,297

This fund is maintained by an annual subsidy of £2,000 from the Consolidated Revenue; by a moiety of the fines inflicted by the Courts of Petty Sessions; by a deduction, not exceeding 2½ per cent., from the pay of the members of the Force entitled to pensions; by transfers from the Licensing Fund under the provisions of Act No. 2855; and, should the foregoing sources prove insufficient, by a further grant in aid from the Consolidated Revenue.

During the year 1927-28 the total receipts of the fund amounted to £123,596, consisting of £121,015 from Government revenue as shown in the preceding table, £2,324 from members of the force, and £257 balance brought forward. Payments out of the Fund amounted to £122,158 (£111,687 for pensions and £10,471 for gratuities), thus leaving a balance of £1,438 at 30th June, 1928.

Pensions are payable out of this fund only to those members of the Police Force who joined it prior to the 25th November, 1902.

This Act, which came into operation on 1st January, 1924, provides for pensions to those members of the Police Force who have joined it since 25th November, 1902, as well as to persons who may enter the Force in the future. Retire-

ment is compulsory for senior constables and constables on attaining age 55; for sergeants, inspectors, and superintendents on attaining age 60, and for the Chief Commissioner on attaining age 65, except that in special cases any such person may be required to serve for a further period not exceeding five years. The ordinary pension payable on attainment of the retiring age varies from onefourth of the annual pay at the date of retirement after 15 years' service to two-thirds of such annual pay after 30 or more years' service. Retirement on a medical certificate entitles a member of the Force to a pension for life after completion of 10 years' service, and to a gratuity after a service of less than 10 years. Except in the cases mentioned below, the amount of the pension which is payable on retirement on a medical certificate is, for like durations of service of not less than 15 years, the same as the amount of an ordinary pension payable on attainment of the retiring age. If a member of the Force is incapacitated for the performance of duty owing to an injury received in the execution of duty without his own default, he shall be entitled to a special pension for life which, except in a few. instances, is larger than the ordinary pension and, in certain specified circumstances, is the full amount of salary. Provision is made for widows and children, the ordinary pension for a widow being approximately from £40 to £60 per annum, and the allowance for children under sixteen years of age, from £10 to £15 per annum.

A deduction of 2½ per cent. per annum is made from the pay of every member of the Force. When a member leaves the Force of his own accord after having completed 25 years' service or by reason of his having reached the age for compulsory retirement (whichever first happens) and does not receive a pension or gratuity, there shall be paid to him the whole of the rateable deductions which have been made

from his pay without any interest thereon.

All pensions, gratuities, and allowances to members or their dependants shall be paid out of a special fund to be kept at the Treasury and to be known as the Police Pensions Fund. Into this fund shall be paid (a) an annual amount of £50,000 from Consolidated Revenue, (b) the deduction of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. from the pay of members which is referred to above, (c) all interest on surplus moneys in the fund invested as

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provided, and (d) all other moneys payable into the fund under the Act or any future Act.

All surplus moneys are to be invested in Victorian Government stock or debentures in the name of the Treasurer, and shall carry

interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

The Government Statist shall make an actuarial valuation of the fund at least once in three years, and shall certify each year what additional sum, if any, is required to be paid into the fund from Consolidated Revenue in order to provide that the assets shall be sufficient to meet the liabilities. Any such additional sum shall be appropriated and paid into the fund

The receipts of the fund for the year amounted to £78,452 as follows:—Deductions from pay, £11, 228; special appropriation, £52,000; interest on investments, £8,758; and £6,466 balance brought forward. Pensions paid during the year amounted to £677, gratuities to £625, deductions of pay returned to £205, and there was a balance of £281,945 at 30th June, 1928, of which £280,000 was invested.

An Act (No. 3408) to make provision on a contributory basis for superannuation benefits for State public servants and railway employees was passed by the State Parliament on 24th November, 1925. The date of commencement of the Act was 25th November, 1925, and contributions were made payable as from the 1st January, 1926, which date is the "appointed day." Pensions were made payable as from the same date. A fund has been established into which is paid the contributions of officers and the amounts received from the Government; also the income derived from investments. benefits provided by the Act are paid from the fund.

Board of Management.—The fund is managed by a Board consisting of four members appointed by the Governor in Council for a term of five years. One of the members so appointed is Chairman of the Board, and one a qualified actuary. One member is elected by officers in the railway service and one by officers in the other services.

Retiring Aye.—The maximum age for retirement is 65 years for males, and in the case of females, 60 or 65, at their option. An officer who is contributing for a pension payable at the age of 65 years may retire at any time after reaching the age of 60 years, and draw a pension which is the actuarial equivalent of a full pension. If he so desires, he may pay to the fund the actuarial equivalent of the amount necessary to complete his payments to a later age and draw a higher rate of pension.

Contributions by Officers.—All officers in the various services, except those with existing pension rights, "twilighters," and those who were not less than 65 years of age on 1st January, 1926, are required to contribute to the Superannuation Fund. An officer over the age of 65 years on 1st January, 1926, cannot contribute to the fund. will be entitled on retirement to a free pension of a maximum amount of £104 per annum. Officers over the age of 30 years are entitled to contribute for a pension of £104 per annum at the rate prescribed for age 30. For higher amounts they pay half the full contribution required. Officers aged 30 and under contribute half the cost of their

pensions.

Payments by Government.—The Government reimburses to the fund the proportion of each pension which represents the equivalent of the difference between the payment made by the contributor each year and the full annual contribution required to provide the pension.

Amount of Pension.—A unit of pension is £26 per annum. The amount of pension for which an officer may contribute is regulated by his salary. For example, a person aged 25 next birthday, whose salary exceeds £260 and does not exceed £312, makes a fortnightly contribution of 8s. 4d. for a pension of £130 per annum with half pension for his widow, and £13 per annum for each child under 16 until that age is attained. The pension to the officer commences at age 65, or on retirement before that age if that should take place by reason of ill-health or incapacity. The number of units an officer can take varies from a minimum of two (£52 per annum) to a maximum of twelve (£312 per annum).

Pensions to Widows and Children.—The widow and children of an officer who was a contributor or a pensioner at date of death are entitled

to the following benefits:-

Widow.—One half the rate of pension for which the officer was contributing, or one half the rate of pension being drawn (as the case may be) at date of death, subject to a minimum of £26 per annum. Such pension ceases on re-marriage.

Children.—£13 per annum in respect of each child under the age

of 16 years until that age is attained.

Retirement on the Ground of Ill-Health.—Upon retirement on the ground of ill-health or incapacity, if such ill-health or incapacity is not due to contributor's own fault, a full pension is payable. If, however, the ill-health or incapacity is due to his own fault he is entitled to the return of his contributions or a pension based on his contributions, at his option.

Officers with Existing Pension Rights.—A person may exchange such right for rights in the new scheme, thus enabling him to secure benefits for his widow and children under 16 years of age, and he may purchase from the Board a pension equivalent to the difference, if any, between the actuarial value of his existing right and the amount of pension for which he would have been entitled to contribute if he had not had an existing right. A widow's pension up to £52 per annum and a children's pension of £13 per annum for each child under 16 years of age may be purchased by an officer with an existing pension right or by a "twilighter."

Twilighters.—This term embraces the persons who entered the Public Service between the 31st December, 1881, and the 31st December, 1884, or who entered the Railway Service between the 1st November, 1883, and 1st July, 1884. The pension payable to a "twilighter" is one-half the amount that would have been

payable if he had had the full pension right provided by Act No. 160, subject to a maximum of £312 per annum and a minimum of £104 per annum. If a full pension computed under Act No. 160 is less than £104, then the lesser amount is payable.

A "twilighter" who retired prior to the 1st July, 1924, and was then over 65 years of age, is entitled to a pension on the above basis payable from 1st January, 1926, but such pension does not carry

reversionary rights to widow or children.

A "twilighter" who retired on or after 1st July, 1924, and before 1st January, 1926, is entitled to a pension calculated as stated above, and the first four units of such pension will carry widow's and children's benefits. The widow's pension will be at the rate of £52 per annum, and the payment to children under 16 years of age will be £13 each year.

A "twilighter" who is employed on 1st January, 1926, and who retires on or after attaining the maximum age for retirement, which is 65 years for males and 60 years for females, or who retires on the ground of ill-health, will be entitled to a pension equal to one half the amount that would have been payable had he had full pension rights under Act No. 160, subject to a maximum of £312 per annum and a minimum of £104 per annum, or the amount of pension which would have been payable under the Act referred to, whichever is the lower. This pension will not carry widow's or children's benefits, but these may be secured on terms prescribed by the Board, as well as a further pension representing the difference between the pension provided and that on the salary basis fixed by the Act.

Assurance Policies.—No officer will be required in future to effect an insurance on his life. Policies now held by the various authorities will be returned to the assured. Any moneys invested by an officer in lieu of assurance will be repaid on such officer becoming a contributor. On the application of an officer the Board may take over his assurance policy. If it decides to do so it will pay the premiums on the policy and at maturity date hand to the assured the proceeds thereof, less premiums paid by it with 4 per cent. compound interest.

Receipts and Expenditure.—During the year 1927-28, the receipts of the fund amounted to £609,875, consisting of contributions from officers, £407,041; from revenue, £170,543; and interest on investments, £32,291. The items of expenditure were as follows:—Pensions, £193,424, and payments of Assurance Premiums, £901. The balance in the Fund at 30th June, 1928, was £998,393, of which £998,253 was invested.

In the year 1927-28, £3,656 was paid out of the Port Phillip Sick and Superannuation Fund (£3,654 for pensions, and £2 for sick allowances). The Government does not contribute to this Fund, it being maintained by deductions from pilots' earnings and the annual income derived from investment of the moneys belonging to the fund.

South Africa Contingents Pensions. Pensions to members and relatives of members of the South African War Contingents amounted to £605 in 1927-28, but this amount has been included in "miscellaneous" expenditure.

#### EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

During the year 1927-28 the State expended on education generally the sum of £3,570,537. This amount includes expenditure from loan moneys and the interest payable thereon, and also the cost of pensions and gratuities. The expenditure in each of the last five years, as detailed in the report of the Minister of Public Instruction, was as follows:—

STATE EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION: 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

		1	i	i	1
Expenditure on—	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925–26.	1926–27.	1927-28.
	£	£	£	£	£
Education—	_	-			
Primary (including				ļ <i>'</i>	
Special Subjects)	1,410,200	1,430,681	1,499,792	1,602,065	1,762,722
Intermediate	48,570	52,336	66,683	74,399	86,750
Secondary	125,337	129,748	137,737	161,873	186,570
Training of Teachers	28,440	32,775	39,260	53,209	62,010
Administration	69,932	74,511	77,334	89,625	86,710
Buildings (State Schools)	481,372	531.571	459,303	508,121	578,691
Pensions and Gratuities	132,979	139,708	142,358	151,286	155,819
Interest payable on loan	,			, , , ,	1 . 1
moneys*—					
State Schools	95,808	121,494	137,775	144,239	157,908
Technical Schools	4,338	9,339	15,744	25,732	33,990
· University	6,654	6,904	7,459	7,895	8,775
Technical Education—	,,,,,,		1 1		
Junior and Senior Schools	215,320	239,319	255,790	282,555	313,124
Buildings	45,649	53,572	95,686	64,448	49,297
University—		,			
Special Appropriations,	÷				
&c. 11.1	74,400	71,198	71,675	78,241	77,804
Buildings, Apparatus,		,	_		
&c	23,437	6,736	19,086	10,837	10,167
Miscellaneous	777	50	50	50	200
Total	2,763,213	2,899,942	3,025,732	3,254,575	3,570,537†
Per head of population	£ s. d. 1 14 0	£ s. d. 1 15 0	£ s. d. 1 15 11	£ s. d. 1 18 0	£ s. d. 2 1 0

<sup>\*</sup> Obtained from the Treasury Department.

The foregoing statement deals with expenditure by the State on education generally, but in the following two tables an effort has been made to account for the expenditure incurred in connexion with primary and secondary education of the State Schools only (excluding amount

<sup>†</sup> In addition, £42,711 paid by students in fees during the calendar year 1927, was expended on technical education.

expended on technical education). Owing to the difficulty in apportioning certain items of expenditure, viz.:—training of teachers, administration, &c., the totals shown hereunder are slightly overstated.

EXPENDITURE IN CONNEXION WITH PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION OF STATE SCHOOLS (EXCLUDING TECHNICAL SCHOOLS): 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

Education:—				I.		
Primary	927–28.	1926-27.	1925–26.	1924–25.	1923-24.	Items.
Day Schools, including Central Schools   Schools for Deaf Mutes and Blind and Feeble-minded Children   6,070   6,563   6,450   6,437   124   124   124   124   124   125   125   125   125   125   125   125   124	£	Ė	£	£	£	
Schools for Deaf Mutes and Blind and Feeble-minded Children	691,358	1.537.084	1.435.593	1.371.491	1.347.531	Day Schools, including Central
Subsidized Schools						Schools for Deaf Mutes and Blind and Feeble-minded
Free Kindergarten Union   2,000   2,000   2,166   2,026	6,514 89	0,437				
Domestic Arts   17,153   17,690   15,279   14,976   23,059   Physical Training   26,656   21,880   23,037   23,059   Physical Training   1,273   835   1,280   1,387   Medical Inspection   5,345   6,350   12,143   12,615   Dressmaking and Needlework   430   488   513   326   School Gardening and Plantations   2,189   2,173   2,126   1,452   1,452   Singing   1,278   1,056   1,141   2,579   Total Primary   1,410,200   1,430,681   1,499,792   1,602,065   1,7   Intermediate   Higher Elementary Schools   35,149   36,807   40,421   43,368   Evening Continuation Classes   492   502   547   699   Schools of Domestic Arts   12,929   15,027   25,715   30,332   Total Intermediate   48,570   52,336   66,683   74,899   Secondary   High Schools   117,971   122,390   130,199   154,225   1   Scholarships   7,366   7,358   7,538   7,648   Total Secondary   125,337   129,748   137,737   161,873   1   Training of Teachers   28,440   32,775   39,260   53,209   Administration   69,932   74,511   77,334   89,625   Primary Schools   2,423,494   452,680   373,069   329,448   4   Primary Schools (expended by School Committees)   16,697   16,777   18,496   20,650   7,350   11,618   16,777   18,496   20,650   7,350   11,618   16,777   18,496   20,650   7,350   11,618   16,777   18,496   20,650   7,350   11,618   16,777   1,436	2,000					Free Kindergarten Union
Physical Training	16,727					Domestic Arts
Medical Inspection Dressmaking and Needlework . School Gardening and Plantations . Singing	21,385 $1,480$	23,059	23,037	21,880	26,656	Manual Training
Dressmaking and Weedlework         430         488         513         326           Work           430         488         513         326           School Gardening and Plantations          2,189         2,173         2,126         1,452           Singing          1,278         1,056         1,141         2,579           Total Primary          1,410,200         1,430,681         1,499,792         1,602,065         1,7           Intermediate          35,149         36,807         40,421         43,388         8         8         8         8         699         8         8         8         9         2         502         547         699         8         8         66,683         74,399         7         30,332         7         7         30,332         7         7         30,332         1         1         7         30,332         1         7         30,332         1         1         7         30,332         1         7         30,332         1         1         7         30,332         1         1         7         30,332         1         1         1         1	14,105	12 615				Medical Inspection
School Gardening and Plantations         2,189         2,173         2,126         1,452           Singing         1,278         1,056         1,141         2,579           Total Primary         1,410,200         1,430,681         1,499,792         1,602,065         1,7           Intermediate—         Higher Elementary Schools         35,149         36,807         40,421         43,368         43,368         492         502         547         699         699         5060         547         699         50,332         502         547         699         699         50,236         66,683         74,399         66,683         74,399         50,2336         66,683         74,399         66,683         74,399         50,2336         66,683         74,399         50,2336         75,388         7,648         7,386         7,388         7,538         7,648         7,648         7,538         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,538         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,538         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648         7,648	•	· 1	'			Dressmaking and Needle-
Total Primary   1,410,200   1,430,681   1,499,792   1,602,065   1,7	4,289				ì	School Gardening and
Intermediate—	2,831 1,944	1,452 2,579	2,126 1,141		2,189 1,278	Citizent
Higher Elementary Schools . 35,149   36,807   40,421   43,368   Evening Continuation Classes Schools of Domestic Arts . 12,929   15,027   547   699   30,332    Total Intermediate . 48,570   52,336   66,683   74,399    Secondary— High Schools	762,722	1,602,065	1,499,792	1,430,681	1,410,200	Total Primary
Evening Continuation Classes						
Schools of Domestic Arts         12,929         15,027         25,715         30,332           Total Intermediate         48,570         52,336         66,683         74,899           Secondary—	49,062					Higher Elementary Schools
Total Intermediate	954 $36,734$					
Secondary	86,750					70-4-1 T 4 - T 4
High Schools      117,971     122,390     130,199     154,225     1       Scholarships      7,366     7,358     7,538     7,648     1       Total Secondary      125,337     129,748     137,737     161,873     1       Training of Teachers      28,440     32,775     39,260     53,209       Administration      69,932     74,511     77,334     89,625       Buildings—Primary Schools      423,494     452,680     373,069     329,448     4       Primary Schools (expended by School Committees)      16,897     16,777     18,496     20,650       Rents      8,500     10,475     6,989     7,350       Higher Elementary Schools      20,404     31,680     6,841     22,255						
Scholarships     7,366     7,358     7,538     7,648       Total Secondary     125,337     129,748     137,737     161,873     1       Training of Teachers     28,440     32,775     39,260     53,209       Administration     69,932     74,511     77,334     89,625       Buildings—Primary Schools     423,494     452,680     373,069     329,448     4       Primary Schools (expended by School Committees)     16,697     16,777     18,496     20,650       Rents     8,500     10,475     6,989     7,350       Higher Elementary Schools     20,404     31,680     6,841     22,255	178,200	154 005	190 100	100 200	117.071	TT: 1 0-1 1
Total Secondary 125,337 129,748 137,737 161,873 1  Training of Teachers 28,440 32,775 39,260 53,209  Administration 69,932 74,511 77,334 89,625  Buildings— Primary Schools	8,370					Sobolombina
Training of Teachers						M-4-3 G3
Administration     69,932     74,511     77,334     89,625       Buildings— <ul> <li>Primary Schools</li> <li>Caption of Committees</li> <li>Caption of Committees</li></ul>	186,570	161,873	137,737	129,748	125,337	Total Secondary
Buildings— Primary Schools	62,010	53,209	39,260	32,775	28,440	Training of Teachers
Primary Schools         423,494         452,680         373,069         329,448         4           Primary Schools (expended by School Committees)         16,697         16,777         18,496         20,650           Rents         8,500         10,475         6,989         7,350           Higher Elementary Schools         20,404         31,680         6,841         22,255	86,710	89,625	77,334	74,511	69,932	Administration
Primary Schools         423,494         452,680         373,069         329,448         4           Primary Schools (expended by School Committees)         16,697         16,777         18,496         20,650           Rents         8,500         10,475         6,989         7,350           Higher Elementary Schools         20,404         31,680         6,841         22,255						
School Committees)         16,897         16,777         18,496         20,650           Rents         8,500         10,475         6,989         7,350           Higher Elementary Schools         20,404         31,680         6,841         22,255	428,292	329,448	373,069	452,680	423,494	Primary Schools
Rents        8,500       10,475       6,989       7,350         Higher Elementary Schools       20,404       31,680       6,841       22,255	20,287	20.650	18 406	16 777	16.697	
Higher Elementary Schools .   20,404   31,680   6,841   22,255	5,946	7,350		10,475		Rents
High Schools   12,277   19,959   53,908   128,418   1	14,081	22,255				Higher Elementary Schools
	110,085	128,418	53,908	19,959	12,277	High Schools
Total Buildings 481,372 531,571 459,303 508,121 5	578,691	508,121	459,303	531,571	481,372	Total Buildings
Pensions and Gratuities   132,979   139,708   142,358   151,286   1	155,819	151,286	142,358	139,708	132,979	Pensions and Gratuities
Interest payable on Loan Moneys						Interest payable on Loan Moneys
expended on State School	157,908	144 930	137 775	191 404	95.808	expended on State School
					<del></del>	M-4-1
Total   2,392,638   2,512,824   2,560,242   2,784,817   3,0	077,180	2,784,817	2,560,242	2,512,824	2,392,638	Total

The following return summarizes the expenditure and revenue connected with primary and secondary education of the Victorian State Schools (excluding technical schools), and shows the cost per scholar in average attendance for each of the last ten years:—

COST OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION OF VICTORIAN STATE SCHOOLS (EXCLUDING TECHNICAL SCHOOLS): 1918-19 TO 1927-28.

Year.	Expenditure by the State.	Revenue of the Education Department,	Net Expenditure.	Number of Scholars— Average Attendance.*	Cost per Scholar to the State.
	£	£	£	No.	£ s. d.
1918–19 .	. 1,274,098	21,666	1,252,432	171,640	7 5 11
1919-20 .	. 1,512,500	23,917	1,488,583	168,314	8 16 11
1920-21 .	. 1,855,579	26,520	1,829,059	167,627	10 18 3
1921-22 .	2,090,160	25,439	2,064,721	177,487	11 12 8
1922-23 .	. 2,194,412	25,450	2,168,962	183,045	11 17 0
1923-24 .	. 2,392,638	24,979	2,367,659	179,848	13 3 4
1924-25 .	2,512,824	24,682	2,488,142	184,606	13 9 7
1925-26 .	. 2,560,242	26,423	2,533,819	190,305	13 6 3
1926–27 .	. 2,784,817	29,266	2,755,551	191,547	14 7 9
1927–28 .	. 3,077,180	33,459	3,043,721	193,705	15 14 3

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding Junior and Senior Technical Schools

# COMMONWEALTH, STATE, AND LOCAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

A statement of the ordinary revenue and expenditure and of the loan expenditure of the Commonwealth Government in Victoria (estimated), also of the State Government and of municipal and local bodies, during each of the last five years, will be found in the next table. From the totals of revenue and expenditure the amounts received by one body from another have been deducted.

# COMMONWEALTH, STATE, AND LOCAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE: 1924 TO 1928.

Heading.	Financial Year ended in—						
	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.		
Revenue.				_			
G	£	£	£	£	£		
Government— Commonwealth*	10 000 000	18,873,000	19,089,000	21,156,000	19,874,000		
State	20,805,420		22,931,410	24,744,806	24,952,402		
Municipal	4,847,899		5,902,059	6,356,439	6,629,037		
Other Local Author-	1,011,000	0,420,007	3,302,033	0,000,409	0,020,001		
ities—				1			
Harbor Trusts	785,799	818,800	823,323	882,675	785,346		
Melbourne and				1	1		
Metropolitan							
Board of Works	1,069,898	1,178,862	1,361,093	1,353,289	1,452,134		
Melbourne and			[		1:		
Metropolitan	1 000 510	7.000.50	0.154.007	0 505 055	2 40 4 700		
Tramways Board	1,889,913	1,968,785	2,154,007	2,505,855	2,494,100		
Fire Brigades Boards	75,934	90,564	101,014	111,971	121,403		
Other†	174,454	194,425	225,938	231,842	225,226		
Other)		101,120	220,000	201,042	220,220		
Total	48,454,917	50,557,291	52,587,844	57,342,877	56,533,648		
		·	t				
Ordinary Expenditure.							
Government—			ļ		l		
Commonwealth*	19,492,000	19,334,000	19,352,000	19,553,000	20,003,000		
State		21,871,944	23,221,237	25,361,009	25,115,655		
Municipal	5,093,809	5,747,882	6,082,235	6,539,783	6,756,341		
Other Local Author-			İ	1	l		
ities—	607.046	700 500	779.004	010.016	=== 000		
Harbor Trusts Melbourne and	697,946	762,559	773,924	812,816	775,963		
Meroourne and Metropolitan			İ	į	1		
Board of Works	1,083,016	1,189,285	1,356,277	1,341,611	1,497,585		
Melbourne and	2,000,010	1,100,200	1,000,277	1,011,011	1,10,,000		
Metropolitan	1			1	1		
Tramways Board	2,023,840	2,201,031	2,396,484	2,503,927	2,521,161		
Fire Brigades	ł	}		<b>\</b>			
Boards	72,608		104,241	106,276	120,880		
Other†	188,440	185,007	204,067	217,402	225,554		
Total	40 429 070	51,379,886	53,490,465	56,435,824	57 016 190		
Total	49,432,079	01,379,880	00,490,400	00,400,824	57,016,139		

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated revenue and expenditure in Victoria.

Sewerage Authority; Bendigo Sewerage Authority; Geelong Waterworks and Sewerage Trust; and First Mildura Irrigation Trust.

<sup>9242.-7</sup> 

Commonwealth, State, and Local Revenue and Expenditure 1924 to 1928—continued.

		Financi	al Year ende	ed in—	
Heading.	- <del></del>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	1924.	1925	1926.	1927.	1928.
Loan Expenditure.	£	£	£	£	£
Government—	:				
Commonwealth* State Municipal Other Local Authorities—	2,220,000 8,407,526 1,146,166	7,940,589	2,249,000 8,001,375 1,318,187	2,706,000 9,277,180 1,678,352	2,154,000 9,119,441 1,744,378
Harbor Trusts Melbourne and	414,195	660,302	433,693	682,521	550,189
Metropolitan Board of Works Melbourne and	888,269	1,211,912	1,651,921	1,508,383	2,110,967
Metropolitan Tramways Board Fire Brigades	400,000	908,916	541,239	985,216	823,716
Boards Other	1,201 126,223	19 <b>,04</b> 8 111 <b>,74</b> 5		40,823 188,091	5,917 168,652
Total	13,603,580	14,101,402	14,363,426	17,066,566	16,677,259
Bapenditure—Grand Total	63,035,659	65, <b>4</b> 81, <b>2</b> 88	67,853,891	73,502,390	73,693,398
Per Head of Popula- tion— Revenue	£ s. d. 29 16 3	£ s. d. 30 10 1	£ s. d. 31 4 7	£ s. d. 33 10 0	$\begin{bmatrix} \pounds & s. & d \\ 32 & 9 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$
Ordinary Expenditure	<b>3</b> 0 8 3	31 0 1	<b>3</b> 1 15 3	32 19 4	32 14 10
Loan Expenditure	8 7 5	8 10 2	8 10 7	9 19 5	9 11 6

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated loan expenditure in Victoria.

#### PUBLIC DEBT.\*

The following statement shows the result of loan transactions, including Treasury Bonds in aid of revenue, to 30th June, 1928.

LOANS RAISED AND REDEEMED TO 30th JUNE, 1928.

Cash received	••	£ 332,091,157 4,216,733
Securities issued	••	336,307,890 150,000
Loans redeemed by— Redemption loans	£ 161,982,257	336,457,890
Melbourne and Metropolitan Board's repayments Revenue (Special appropriations and Surplus	2,389,934	
Revenue)	4,544,808 6,739,299	
Closer Settlement Fund	1,323,790 7,050 1,040,600	
Discharged Soldiers Settlement Fund Discount (securities purchased under par)	174,101 72,581	150 054 100
Loans outstanding as at 30th June, 1928		178,274,420

It will be seen that, upon the transactions to date (excluding the temporary advance referred to above), securities representing £336,307,890 have been issued, and that the amount of cash received has been £332,091,157. This means that the State has received £98 14s. 11d. in cash for every £100 bond given.

Excluding London debentures for £388,100 taken over Leans Floated with the Melbourne and Hobson's Bay Railway and since paid off, the total amount of the loans which have been raised in London at varying rates of interest is £132,325,846. The latter includes an amount of £4,695,367, raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government, which is repayable to the Agent-General in London by the State Treasurer. The amount which has been paid off by means of new loans is £63,500,944, and by means of appropriations from revenue, &c., £3,634,106; a sum of £627,265 has been transferred to the Melbourne register, leaving a balance due in London at 30th June, 1928, of £64,563,531, consisting of debentures amounting to £7,542,529, inscribed stock, £56,977,737, and Treasury bonds in aid of revenue, £670,530. In addition there was an amount outstanding of £150,000 (advanced temporarily in London pending flotation of loan, under Act No. 3200). The following table gives particulars respecting the various loans which have been raised in London:-

<sup>\*</sup> See also page 75 for Commonwealth and State Financial relations.

## LOANS FLOATED IN LONDON.

eschige, d	Nominal amount	70.4		Loans	Debt out	standing at	30th June,	1928.
Auth- orization Act No.	raised (amount for which securities	Rate of In- terest.	When repay- able.	paid off (including Redemp- tion	Inscribed	Deben-	Total paya	ble in—
<u> </u>	have been issued).			Loans).	Stock.	tures.	London.	Mel- bourne.
	£	%		£	£	£	£	£
(Period		70		-	-		J.	~
1855 to			. **	1	ĺ		5 1 11	i .
1893)	58,587,100			58,587,100			••	• •
	4,600,000	3,	1929-49	137,986	4,462,014		4,202,146	259,868
1	4,976,476	31/2	1929-49	244,519	4,731,957		4,619,695	112,262
- 1	1,000,000 10,908,300	4	1940-60 1932-42	20,300	979,700		979,700	• • •
1560	1,049,868	1 5	1935-45	1.)	la a de la alem			
1500	6,868,421	163	1945-75	52,359	20,700,666		20,576,466	124,200
[	1,926,436	1) (	1952-55	()				1
	2,850,400	5½ 6½	1924-34		2,850,400		2,831,249	19,15
· [	2,302,363	61	1923-25	2,302,363				
1562	1,000,000	3	1929-49	700,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	• • •
1574	500,000 130,173	) * c	1903 1935–45	500,000		}		• • •
-	103,602	171 1	1945-75	> ··		233,775	233,775	• •
2026	807,075	15 2	1945	1 100 170	1	1,874,702	1,874,702	
	1,197,800	\right\{ 5 \}	1945-75	130,173	1	( ' ' '		
	149,600	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1924-34			149,600	149,600	
2167	1,500,000	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1929-49		1,500,000	!	1,500,000	17.50
2428	2,000,000	4 41	1940-60	1 405 000	2,000,000		1,982,416	17,584
2480 ₹	1,465,300 1,034,700	51	1920-25 1930-40	1,465,300	1.034.700	::	941,500	93,200
۶ ۲	284,700	5	1932-42		284,700	::	284,700	00,20
2530 ₹	2,215,300	51	1930-40		2,215,300		2,215,300	
2531	784,700	41/2	1920-25	784,700				
ſ	623,426	1	1945-75		• • •	623,426	623,426	
2629	722,904	41	1956	100,000		622,904	622,904	
105 (0415	327,250	5 51	1945-75 1922	206,250	• • •	121,000	121,000	::
635/2415	100,000 550,000	54	1922	100,000 550,000		[ ]	l ::	
2794	1,109,481	51	1927	1,109,481		::		
2871	194,519	5½ 5½ 5½	1927	194,519				
2916	484,776	42	1956	300,000	1	184,776	184,776	1
	428,000	5	1945-75	350,000		78,000	78,000	
3124	750,000	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1930-40	• •	750,000	461,000	750,000 461,000	
3189	461,000	5 43	1945-75 1940-60		850,000	401,000	849,000	1,00
3233	850,000 2,807,000	1) [	1932-42	h	,	''	· '	,,,,,
2200	1,343,000	}5 {	1945-75	7	4,150,000		4,150,000	
0074	3,500,000	43	1940-60	·	3,500,000		3,500,000	
3274 {	1,500,000	5	1945-75		891,517	608,483	1,500,000	
3345 ₹	1,650,000	41	1940-60		1,650,000	•••	1,650,000 2,850,000	
ر ۵۰۰۰	2,850,000	1 5	1945-75 1945-75		2,850,000	264,626	264,626	
3446	264,626 189,000	5	1945-75			189,000	189,000	
ځ ک	1,606,300	ו ר	1945-75	h ::	rma 200	1,912,285	2,489,068	1
3476 ≼	882,768	}5 {	1952-57	}	576,783	1	1	
3505	179,000	5	1952-57	[ · · · ]	•••	179,000	179,000	
3534	670,530	5	1952-57	] ]		670,530*	670,530	
3551	39,952	41/2	1956	1		39,952	39,952	
	132,325,846		••	67,135,050	56,977,737	7,542,529 670,530*	64,563,531	627,26
Add t	emporary adv	vance pe	nding flots	ition of Loai	n, Act 3200		150,000	
	-			ondon Loans			64,713,531†	627,26

<sup>\*</sup> Treasury bonds in aid of revenue.

<sup>. †</sup> Including £4,695,367 raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government, but which is repayable by the State Treasurer to Agent-General in London. (For details see page 114).

Excluding Victorian debentures for £63,000 taken over with the Melbourne and Hobson's Bay Railway, and since paid off, the total amount of the loans which have been floated in Melbourne is £203,982,044. Of this amount £98,481,313 has been redeemed by loans, and £12,658,057 by revenue, &c., leaving due a balance of £92,842,674 at 30th June, 1928, consisting of debentures, £42,317,291, inscribed stock, £49,572,879, and Treasury bonds in aid of revenue, £952,504. In addition, outstanding inscribed stock for £627,265 has been transferred from the London to the Melbourne Register, so that of the debt outstanding the total amount payable in Melbourne was £93,469,939.

The amount of the loans raised in London and Melbourne to 30th June, 1928 (excluding £451,100 of Melbourne loans were raised.

The amount of the loans raised in London and Melbourne to 30th June, 1928 (excluding £451,100 of Melbourne and Hobson's Bay Debentures taken over and since redeemed), was £336,307,890, and of this sum a total of £178,274,420 had been repaid at that date, viz., £16,292,163 out of the general revenue, and £161,982,257 out of the proceeds of redemption loans. The balance outstanding at 30th June, 1928, was £158,183,470, which includes an amount of £150,000 temporarily advanced in London. The purposes for which this amount was borrowed and the annual interest payable thereon are as follows:—

# PURPOSES FOR WHICH OUTSTANDING LOANS WERE RAISED.

Loans Raised for	Amount of Loans outstanding at 30th June, 1928.	Annual Interest Payable.		
Revenue-vielding Wor	£	£		
Railways		}	73,419,566	3,461,772
Discharged Soldiers' Settlement			24,354,751	1,365,450
loser Settlement			8,068,251	335,114
Vaterworks—Country			20,750,027	979,043
Roads—		}		
Main			4,148,209	212,626
Developmental			4,434,533	229,193
Proportion with Commonwealth			339,658	17,737
Tourists' Resorts		· · · · l	45,407	2,061
Electricity Supply			13,004,238	662,518
Maffra Beet Sugar Factory			106,397	5,684
Harbours			550,487	24,373
State Coal Mine			242,955	9,679
Torests			348,660	17,780
Other Revenue-yielding Works		••	921,072	46,498
Total Revenue-yielding Wor	ks		150,734,211	7,369,528

PURPOSES FOR WHICH OUTSTANDING LOANS WERE RAISED—continued.

Loans Raised for—	Amount of Loans outstanding at 30th June, 1928.	Annual Interest Payable.
OTHER WORKS.	£	£
State Schools, Technical Schools, and University	4,149,824	200,673
Public Offices, Law Courts, and Parliament Houses	52,974	<b>)</b>
Wire Netting Advances	141,935	
Loans to Municipalities (incl. Kerang Tramway)	230,976	
Hospitals for the Insane	159,689	> 92,940
Bridges	212,141	1.
Miscellaneous	759,615	
Unapportioned	119,071	<u> </u>
Total Other Works	5,826,225	293,613
In sid of Revenue	1,623,034	83,527
Net Borrowings	158,183,470	7,746,668

Of the proceeds of the loans outstanding at 30th June, 1928, sums not yet expended amounted in the aggregate to £876,702, of which £210,453 was for Public Works, Buildings, &c.; £340,276 for Country Water Supply; £171,026 for Railways; £122,540 for Country Roads (Main and Developmental); £8,639 for Closer Settlement; and £23,768 for Discharged Soldiers' Settlement. Of the amount of the loans which were raised for public works and are still outstanding, about 96 per cent. was obtained for works of a revenue-yielding nature.

During the last ten years there has been a very large increase in the Public Debt, the actual increase having been £78,587,824, or nearly 99 per cent. Below is given a statements howing the chief works and services for which the additional liabilities were incurred:—

#### PUBLIC DEBT-INCREASE IN TEN YEARS.

Work or Service for which raised.	Loans outst	Increase.	
	1918.	1928.	
	£	£	£
Railways Waterworks—Country Metropolitan Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Closer Settlement Electricity Supply Roads State Coal Mine State Schools, Technical Schools, and University All other Works and Services In Aid of Revenue	56,118,795 8,930,732 1,559,786 } 5,219,426 1,382,984 242,950 1,691,075 3,046,612 1,403,286	$73,419,566 \\ 20,750,027 \\ \vdots \\ 24,354,751 \\ 8,068,251 \\ 13,004,238 \\ 8,967,807 \\ 242,955 \\ 4,149,824 \\ 3,483,946 \\ 1,623,034 \\ 1,623,036 \\ 1,900,000 $	17,300,771 11,819,295 1,559,786* }27,203,576 13,004,238 7,584 823 5 2,458,749 437,334 219,748
Unapportioned	79,595,646	119,071	78,587,824

<sup>\*</sup> Decrease.

The total amount of loans outstanding at 30th June, Due Dates 1928, inclusive of Treasury bonds in aid of revenue, el Loans. was £158,183,470, as mentioned above. Of this sum £49,859,820 was in the form of debentures; £56.977.737 of inscribed stock (London Register); £150,000 temporary advance pending flotation of loan (London) Act No. 3200; £49,572,879 of inscribed stock (Melbourne Register); and £1,623,034 of Treasury bonds in aid of revenue. Particulars concerning the due dates of loans outstanding at 30th June, 1928, are given in the following table. Where the Government has the option of redemption during a specified period the oans have been classified according to the latest date of maturity:-

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# DUE DATES OF VICTORIAN LOANS AT 30TH JUNE, 1928.

Due Date. (Financial Year.)	Payable in London.	Payable in Melbourne.	Total.	
	£	£	£	
928-29		17,622,955	17,622,955	
929-30	•	19,842,994	19,842,994	
.930–31		8,001,460	8,001,460	
931–32		4,654,528	4,654,528	
1932-33		7,805,147	7,805,147	
1933–34	••	5,420,685	5,420,685	
1934–35	2,980,849	1,285,051	4,265,900	
935–36	••	4,537,084	4,537,084	
1936–37	•	345,700	345,700	
1937–38	••	523,000	523,000	
1939-40	••	312	312	
940-41	3,906,800	627,980	4,534,780	
1941-42	••	2,095,270	2,095,270	
1942-43	13,875,800	1,321,600	15,197,400	
1944-45	807,075	400	807,475	
1945–46	1,049,868	15,400	1,065,268	
1946-47		202,000	202,000	
1948-49	5,202,146	265,168	5,467,314	
1949–50	6,119,695	112,262	6,231,957	
1953–54	••	123,874	123,874	
1955–56	2,774,068*		2,774,068	
1957–58	1,921,299*		1,921,299	
1959–60	2,962,116	17,584	2,979,700	
1960–61	5,999,000	1,000	6,000,000	
1975–76	16,964,815		16,964,815	
Government Option†	••	6,767,708	6,767,708	
N-1 - 1 ((a)	••	11,794,075	11,794,075	
Not yet fixed; $\begin{cases} (b) \\ (b) \end{cases}$	••	86,702	86,702	
Lemporary advance from				
Westminster Bank, London, pending flotation	150,000		150,000	
Total	64,713,531	93,469,939	158,183,470	

<sup>\*</sup> Raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government, but repayable by State Treasurer to Agent-General in London.

<sup>†</sup> At option of Government on giving twelve months' notice.

<sup>†</sup> Amounts received from Commonwealth for purposes of—(a) Discharged Soldiers' Settlement, and (b) Loans to Municipalities.

Loans and Interest payable in London and Melbourne.

The next table gives information relating to the loans outstanding and interest payable thereon, in London and Melbourne respectively, for the years indicated. Included in the London loans for the last three years are those raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government for

Victoria, but which are repayable to the Agent-General in London by the State Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT AND INTEREST PAYABLE THEREON IN LONDON AND MELBOURNE, 1900 to 1928.

	Amount of Loa	Annual Interest Payable in—				
At 30th June—			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	London.*	Melbourne.	London.	Melbourne.		
	£	£	£	£		
900	44,655,579	4,670,306	1,735,307	152,096		
910	39,012,436	16,564,289	1,419,579	560,520		
915	41,333,738	31,750,189	1,520,762	1,131,811		
920	42,406,040	45,241,699	1,637,615	1,902,108		
921	38,709,050	58,608,781	1,527,541	2,780,300		
922	42,708,244	66,390,955	1,761,734	3,324,535		
923	45,685,997	72,876,032	1,933,000	3,641,693		
924	48,551,314	75,557,012	2,158,199	3,740,433		
925	51,869,204	79,300,361	2,319,486	3,999,635		
926	54,503,506	85,761,483	2,525,676	4,355,216		
927	58,040,287	91,506,679	2,652,314	4,663,048		
.928	64,713,531	93,469,939	2,980,545	4,766,123		

<sup>\*</sup> Including outstanding loans raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government, amounting to £1,926,436 at end of 1925-26 and 1926-27, and £4,695,367 at end of 1927-28,

Rates of Interest en Public Debt.

The appended table shows the rates of interest which were payable on the public debt at 30th June, 1928, and the portions of the debt at each rate in London and Melbourne respectively:—

RATES OF INTEREST ON PUBLIC DEBT AT 30<sub>TH</sub>
JUNE, 1928.

		Ar	nount Payable in—				
Rate of Interest.							
		London.	Melbourne.	Total.			
%	· .	£	£	£			
$\frac{7\frac{1}{4}}{6/15/2}$	••	••	565,814	565,814			
$\frac{6}{7}$	•••	••	613,248	613,248			
6		••	5,480,743 5,885,589	5,480,743 5,885,589			
51/2		6,887,649	17,667,158	24,554,807			
$5\frac{5}{3}$		.,	200,000	200,000			
5/6/11			3,553,124	3,553,124			
5/5/3			1,581,146	1,581,146			
51		••	18,473,502	18,473,502			
$5\frac{\overline{1}}{8}$		• •	140,000	140,000			
5		35,423,466	24,460,186	59,883,652			
478			480,000	480,000			
44	•••	5,999,000	86,980	6,085,980			
45 41 		••	60,000	60,000			
		847,632	905,092	1,752,724			
4	• •	2,962,116	2,241,609	5,203,725			
33	• • •		220,000	220,000			
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{3}$	• •	6,119,695	6,446,741	12,566,436			
,	•••	5,202,146	4,409,007	9,611,153			
Not fixed	••	1,121,827	••	1,121,827			
		150,000	••	150,000			
	-						
Total	••	64,713,531	93,469,939	158,183,470			
	-		-				
Average Rate of In	terest	% 4 61	% 5 10	% 4 90			
	.		· _ [	= **			
		<u> </u>					

Growth of Public Debt.

While the public debt has increased from year to year a very noticeable feature is the rapid increase which has occurred during the last few years. As compared with 1920 the debt per head of population at 30th June, 1928, had increased by 56 per cent.; the interest payable per head had increased by 89 per cent in the same period. In the following statement is shown the growth of the public debt and of the interest payable thereon since the date of the establishment of responsible government in 1855:-

#### GROWTH OF PUBLIC DEBT AND INTEREST. 1855 TO 1928.

•		Loa	ns Outstanding.		Amount per Head of			
End o Financ	eial		Annual Intere	st Payable.		lation.		
Year in	1	Amount.	Amount. Total.		Debt.	Annual Interest Payable.		
1855*	••	£ 1,180,000	£ 70,800	% 6·00	£ s. d. 3 4 9	£ s. d. 0 3 11		
1860*		5,643,100	337,905	5.99	10 9 10	0 12 7		
1870*		12,099,800	699,240	5.78	16 13 1	0 19 3		
1880	••	20,567,700	1,029,991	5.01	24 9 4	1 4 6		
1890		41,377,693	1,649,465	3.99	36 19 11	1 9 6		
1900	• •	49,325,885	1,887,403	3 83	41 6 8	1 11 8		
1910		55,576,725	1,980,099	3 56	43 6 8	1 10 10		
1920		87,647,739	3,539,723	4.04	57 19 1	2 6 10		
1921		97,317,831	4,307,841	4.43	63 5 11	2 16 0		
1922		109,099,199	5,086,269	4.66	69 9 3	3 4 10		
1923	٠	118,562,029	5,574,693	4.70	73 15 0	3 9 4		
1924		124,108,326	5,898,632	4.75	75 13 9	3 11 11		
1925		131,169,565	6,319,121	4.82	78 10 1	3 16 3		
1926	••	140,264,989	6,880,892	4.91	82 15 7	4 1 3		
1927		149,546,966	7,315,362	4.89	86 12 5	4 4 9		
1928	••	158,183,470	7,746,668	4.90	90 8 5	4 8 7		

<sup>\*</sup> Including outstanding liabilities of the Melbourne and Geelong Corporations Guarantee Loans.

In addition to the ordinary expenditure from revenue, certain sums are disbursed annually for various purposes from Loan Funds. The figures in the following table include all expenditure from the latter, whether the loans have been repaid or are still in existence. The table shows the details for each of the last four years and the total to date:—

#### EXPENDITURE FROM LOAN FUNDS.

	Ex				
Purpose.	1924-25.	1925–26.	1926-27.	1927–28.	Total to 30th June, 1928.
	£	£	£	£	£
Railways Water Supply—	1,379,182	1,489,285	1,821,005	1,651,884	71,107,724
Country	1,405,623	1,587,477	1,541,900	1,529,759	20,582,216 3,142,577
Closer Settlement Discharged Soldiers'	592,372	150,753	881,450	1,153,498	
Settlement	1,133,588	1,157,066	984,912	941,524	
Country Roads	992,568	960,452	1,042,441	882,896	
Electricity Supply State Schools, Technical Schools, and	1,595,064	1,822,378	1,893,740	1,433,747	12,804,244
University	476,930	394,655	403,354	447,927	4,464,554
State Coal Mine Seed and Fodder	9,967	••	••	11.	249,399
Advances to Farmers		••		97,246	701,861
Cool Storage—Ad- vances to Companies.		.*			
&c Municipalities—Loans,	••	••		5,000	578,299
Advances, and Grants Primary Products— Advances to Com-	12,881	300	600	••	1,129,414
panies, &c.	7,500	5,000			331.101
Wire Netting	32,399	42,628	32,337	32,635	
All other works and					
services	302,515	391,381	360,614	302,122	
In aid of Revenue	••_	••	314,827	641,203	3,875,682
Total	7,940,589	8,001,375	9,277,180	*9,119,441	169,319,371

<sup>\*</sup> Signifies the amount charged to Loan Funds during 1927-28, which differs from the actual expenditure from Loan Funds and on account of Loans, viz:—£9,016,208.

The total interest paid (including all expenses of pay ment) on loans raised to 30th June, 1928, amounted on that date to about £135,000,000, of which £89,000,000 had been paid in London and £46,000,000 in Melbourne. The amount of interest and expenses paid during each of the last five financial years is shown in the next table:—

### INTEREST AND EXPENSES OF PUBLIC DEBT.

	Interest Paid on Loans in—		Commission on Payment	on Redemption,	· m
London.	Melbourne.	Paid on Temporary Loans.	of Interest in London.	Expenses of Conversion, &c.	Total.
e	e.	c	c	c	e
2,066,948	3,589,245	1,917	6,905	4,955	5,669,970
2,104,561	3,790,631	1,190	6,757	2,808	5,905,947
				3,627	6,372,993
$2,500,564 \\ 2,576.136$		1		::	6,826,662 $6,937,764$
2	£ 2,066,948 2,104,561 2,315,702 2,500,564	£ £ £ 3,589,245 3,790,631 4,037,915 2,500,564 4,317,124	£ £ £ £ £ 2,066,948 3,589,245 1,917 2,104,561 3,790,631 1,190 2,315,702 4,037,915 7,678 2,500,564 4,317,124 267	£ £	£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £

#### SINKING FUNDS.

Under the provisions of the Commonwealth and States Financial Agreement Act 1927, the State Sinking Funds then in existence, with the exception of the Mallee Land Account (see page 179), ceased to function, as the National Debt Sinking Fund was established. The balances to the credit of all State Sinking Funds at 30th June, 1928, were as follows:—

	-		Ва	alance at Credit.
Mallee Land Account	••	• •		81,947
Victorian Government Consolidated Ins	scribed St	ock Rede	mp-	
tion Fund		• •		3,962,933
Victorian Loans Redemption Fund	• •			749,000
Closer Settlement Redemption Fund	• • •			30,000
Coal Mines Sinking Fund		• • •		142,457
Main Roads Sinking Funds				276,711
Railways Sinking Fund				214,286
Public Works Sinking Fund	••			88,308
Developmental Roads Sinking Fund				55,083
Irrigation and Water Supply Works Sin	ıking Fun	d		21,582
Total State Sink	ing Fund	ls		5,622,307
National Debt Sinking Fund	`	• •		529,658
Total Amount at Cree	lit of Sin	king Fund	ds	6,151,965

Excluding the Mallee Land Account, the balance at credit of the State Sinking Funds (£5,540,360) was invested in Victorian Government securities. The latter will ultimately be cancelled in accordance with the above-mentioned Act, and the State debt will be reduced by a similar amount. The annual revenue relating to the repayment of loans previously received by the State Sinking Funds is now placed

either to the credit of the State Loans Repayment Fund (see page 80), or transferred to Consolidated Revenue in order to recoup the latter on account of contributions to the National Debt Sinking Fund.

#### TRUST FUNDS.

In the succeeding table the liabilities and investments of the various Trust Funds held by the Treasurer are shown for each of the last five years, investments in Victorian securities being distinguished:—

		Year	ended 30th	June				
				-				
W - di								
Heading.				)				
	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.			
			:	}				
T . T.T.					,			
Liabilities.	£	£	£	£	£			
At Credit of—								
Public Debt Sinking	ļ '		\					
Funds	3,560,225	4,084,795	4,897,751	5,674,172	5,622,307			
Savings Bank Commis-			-	'				
sioners Trust Account	64,103	64,103		•				
Other Trust Funds	4,436,882	5,206,083	5,219,701	5,272,317	5,930,312			
Balance—From General Cash Account	195,447		1	[	l *			
Cash Account	199,447	••			<u> </u>			
Total	8,256,657	9,354,981	10,117,452	10,946,489	11,552,619			
					]			
					i			
Investments, Advances, &c.			4.		į			
				ļ				
Invested in Victorian								
Stock or Debentures	5,955,771	6,438,453	7,082,512	8,189,073	8,400,399			
Other Investments, Fixed Deposits, &c.	474.053	479,054	431,348	465,867	389,500			
Advances Made	1,826,833							
Cash Held	-,020,000	431,167	396,690					
		•						
	<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>			
Total	9 956 657	0.954.001	10 117 459	10 048 490	   11,552,619			
	0,200,007	0,304,981	10,1 (1,402	10,840,488	11,002,019			

<sup>\*</sup> Including National Debt Sinking Fund (£286,162) transferred to a Trust Account pending the Financial Agreement coming into force.

#### PUBLIC DEBTS OF AUSTRALIAN STATES.

The following is a statement of the public debts of the Australian States at 30th June, 1928, showing the amounts, the amounts per head of population, the total interest payable, the average rates per cent., and the rates per capita. Sinking Funds have not been deducted. Treasury Bills covering Revenue Deficits are included. Revenue Deficits which are not covered by Treasury Bills, overdrafts on Loan Account, and advances from Trust Funds are excluded.

The particulars of the debts, &c., of the States (excepting Victoria) have been supplied by the Commonwealth Statistician. The Victorian figures appearing in the Treasurer's Finance Statement have been adopted.

PUBLIC DEBTS OF AUSTRALIAN STATES AT 30th JUNE, 1928.

	Public Debt.				Interest Payable.				
State.	Amount.	nount. Per Head of Population.		Amount.	Per Head of Population.			Average Rate per cent.	
•	£	£	8.	d.	£	£	s.	d.	%
Victoria*	158,183,470	90	8	5	7,746,668	4	8	7	4 90
New South Wales	258,474,898	106	13	6	12,914,412	5	6	7	4 99
Queensland	112,208,970	123	ļ	5	5,395,032	5	18	4	4 81
South Australia	92,223,165	159	12	6	4,637,639	8	0	6	5 03
Western Australia	77,172,906	193	1	6	3,506,043	8	15	5	4 .54
Tasmania	24,826,560	117	19	4	1,214,665	5	15	5	4 .89

<sup>\*</sup> Including £150,000 temporary advance pending loan flotation.

After deducting from the Victorian debt shown above the temporary advance pending the loan flotation (£150,000), and £750,000 advanced by the Commonwealth Treasury, the gross public debt of the six States

amounted to £722,189,969. Excluding loans raised on behalf of the States, but including the debts on account of the Port Augusta-Oodnadatta Railway and of the Northern Territory, the gross public debt of the Commonwealth was £372,784,089. Therefore the liability of the Australian public (£1,094,974,058) at 30th June, 1928, is equal to £174 4s. 9d. per head of the population.

The gross and net indebtedness of the Government, Municipalities, and other Local Governing Bodies of Victoria for the year 1928 are shown in detail hereunder. From the debts of all Local Governing Bodies the amounts of outstanding loans received from the Government have been excluded.

#### STATE AND LOCAL DEBTS, 1928.

	Lo	ans Outstan	Accrued	Net Indebted- ness.	
Heading.	Payable in London.	Payable in Total. Australia.			
	£	£	£	£	£
State Public Debt— Securities issued Advance on account of loan	64,563,531*	93,469,939	)		
to be floated	150,000	H00.000	159,273,574	6,151,965	153,121,609
Public Account Advances Treasurer's Advance	::	766,662 323,442	)		
Municipalities†—  Melbourne City Council  Geelong City Council  Other Municipalities	::	3,879,250 95,152 6,474,068	3,879,250 95,152 6,474,068	461,346 16,800 149,105	3,417,904 78,352 6,324,963
Other Local Governing Bodies— Melbourne Harbor Trust Geelong Harbor Trust† Melbourne and Metropolitan	1,502,600	2,224,200 223,700	3,726,800 223,700	70,885	3,655,915 223,700
Board of Works Bendigo Sewerage Authority	2,140,000	$\substack{17,762,020\\291,867}$	19,902,020 291,867	734,457	19,167,563 291,867
Geelong Waterworks and Sewerage Trust		1,287,250	1,287,250	75,307	1,211,943
Ballarat Water Commission and Sewerage Authority		299,664	299,664	1,104	298,560
Melbourne and Metropolitan Tramways Board	1,000,000	4,258,718	5,258,718	338,585	4,920,133
Metropolitan Fire Brigades Board		196,860	196,860		196,860
Grand Total	69,356,131*	131,552,792	200,908,923	7,999,554	192,909,369

<sup>\*</sup> Including £4,695,367 raised in New York by the Commonwealth Government. † Excluding outstanding loans received from State Government, as follows:—Municipalities, £443,297; Geelong Harbor Trust, £399,106; and Ballarat Water Commission and Sewerage Authority, £306,534.

The net amount of State and Local Debts (£192,909,369) is equal to £110 5s. 5d. per head of the population at 30th June, 1928.

## Finance.

## COMMONWEALTH, STATE, AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

The subjoined table shows in detail, for each of the last five financial years, the amount of taxation collected in Victoria by the Commonwealth and State Governments, and by the Municipalities.

TAXATION IN VICTORIA—COMMONWEAGH, STATE, AND MUNICIPAL: 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

' Heads of Taxation.	Amount received during							
ingues of Taxation.	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.	1927-28.			
			·					
	£	£	£	£	· £			
Commonwealth—				_				
Customs Duties	8,226,378	8,167,185	8,237,801	9,920,596	8,667,707			
Excise Duties	2,764,938	2,823,889	2,897,845	3,022,973	2,933,302			
Income Tax*	2,986,000	3,007,000	2,932,000	3,004,000	2,745,000			
Land Tax*	467,000	580,000	580,000	602,000	696,000			
Succession Duties*	489,000	511,000	522,000	504,000	648,000			
War-time Profits	Í	,			1			
Tax*	18,000				••			
Entertainments Tax	212,011	<b>223,</b> 555	152,000*	121,000*	118,000*			
Total Common-	.*							
wealth Taxation	15,163,327	15,312,629	15,321,646	17,174,569	15,808,009			
State	<del></del>							
Income Tax	1,702,483	2,076,656	2,238,429	2,382,991	3,035,014			
7 3.00	412,165	421.662	457,441	517,229	560,013			
Probate Duty	798,315	802,333	940,609	1.111.876	1,117,164			
Betting Taxation	190,310	002,000	320,000	1,111,0.0	1,111,101			
(Stamp duties, li-								
, cences, and per-	186,141	170,998	133,067	142,071	135,265			
centage)		963.307	1,017,351	1,059,655	1,004,079			
Other Stamp Duties	1,011,966	903,307	1,017,551	1,050,055	1,001,075			
Motor Car and Motor	000 000	410.040	641,765	804,903	922,437			
Omnibus Acts †	233,300	418,840	041,700	004,900	022,401			
Liquor Taxation	000 001	040 504	250 096	354,096	365,453			
and Licences	320,331	343,524	352,826	37.551	36,696			
Other Licences	43,007	<b>39,36</b> 0	37,647	37,551	50,090			
Duties on Bank	. ==0	1 740	1 000	1 564	1 070			
Notes	1,750	1,740	1,899	1,564	1,878			
Total State Taxa-								
tion	4,709,458	5,238,420	5,821,034	6,411,936	7,177,999			
Municipal Taxation	2,963,431	<b>3,2</b> 78 <b>,5</b> 98	3,507,089	3,745,745	3,902,894			
Total Taxation	22,836,216	23,829,647	24,649,769	27,332,250	26,888,902			

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated. † See footnote on page 82.

The taxation in Victoria per head of population by the Commonwealth, the State, and Municipalities for each of the last five years was as follows:—

# COMMONWEALTH, STATE, AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION PER HEAD OF POPULATION, 1923-24 TO 1927-28.

Division.	Taxation per Head of Population in Victoria.						
	1923-24.	1924-25.	19 <b>2</b> 5–26.	1926-27.	1927-28.		
Comment of the second	1 .	£ s. d.		ļ	£ s. d.		
Commonwealth (Estimated) State	1	9 4 10			9 1 7		
	2 17 11	3 3 3	3 9 2	3 14 11	4 2 5		
Municipal	1 16 5	1 19 7	2 1 7	2 3 9	2 4 10		
Total	14 0 11	14 7 8	14 12 9	15 19 4	15 8 10		

The estimated Commonwealth taxation imposed in Victoria for 1927-28 was £9 1s. 7d. per head of the population, whilst the taxation levied by the Commonwealth Government throughout Australia was equal to £9 1s. 8d. per head (£6 12s. 11d. indirect taxation and £2 8s. 9d. direct taxation).

#### LICENCES.

The following is a statement of the net revenue received from each description of licence during the year 1927–28. Municipal licences for slaughtering, dairies, noxious trades, &c., are excluded, as well as insurance licences (£70,497), bookmakers' licences (£14,600), and motor-car licences, fees, etc. (£922,437). The last three mentioned items are included under the heading "State Taxation," see pages 82 and 123.

#### Finance.

### REVENUE OF STATE GOVERNMENT FROM LICENCES: 1927-28.

Description of Licence.	Mer Weading Wee	Net Revenue Received.	
Spirit Merchants and Grocers	£ 39,063		
Victuallers	297,620	1	
" Temporary	4,607		
Railway Refreshment Rooms	1,592		
Packet	104		
Australian Wine	4,953	;	
Billiard Table	6,125	٠.	
Brewers	90		
Vignerons	80	,	
Club Certificates	8,022	;	
Permits (Extra Bars and Extended Hours)	3,197		
Total, Liquor Licences	365,453	*	
Auctioneers	22,467		
Real Estate Agents	6,330	<b>,</b>	
Tobacco and Cigars—Selling	2,220	•	
Pawnbrokers	670	,	
Hawkers	2,574	:	
Carriage, Stage Carriage, Forwarding Agents	375		
Marine Stores	222	;	
Explosives	870	,	
Race Clubs	690	<b>†</b>	
Gold-buyers	130	,	
Second-hand Dealers	614		
Farm Produce Agents	224	•	
Total, Other Licences	37,386		
Total, all Licences	402,839		

<sup>\*</sup> Received by the Licensing Fund. † Included in "Betting Taxation" on pages 82 and 123.

In addition to the preceding, there are other licences issued in Victoria by the Department of Trade and Customs; the fees collected and received by the Commonwealth Government in respect of these during the calendar year 1928 were as follows:—

Description of Licence.					Amount of Fees collected.			
Carriage Lighter and Bo Customs House Bonding Wareh	 at Agents a	Custom		••	••		\$ 312 6 454 7,535	,
Distilleries Breweries Tobacco, Cigar, Methylators Starch Manufac	and Ciga	r Excise rette Fa		••	••		405 <b>95</b> 9 1,806 4 12	